HARDWARE,

Paints, Oils &c.,

D. W. ZIEGLER,

CHEAP FOR CASH

LEADING HARDWARE,

Housekeeping Articles,

GRAIN & PRODUCE!

George B. Yoolott

Groceries and Fertilizers,

Farmers and Horsemen!

JOSEPH RODDY,

Saddle & Harness Maker,

Horse Gears Single and Double Harness, Bridles, Halters, Collars, Fly Nets, Whips &c.

BAKERY!

GETTYSBURG, PA

Chas. D. Barney & Co.,

Philadelphia, Pa.

THE HARVEST HOME Cook Stove.

THE VERY BEST Cook Stove on the Market

HARVEST HOME,

THE WARE ROOMS

C. H. BUEHLER,

Gettysburg, Pa

STRAW & FODDER CUTTER.

AMERICAN Blackboard Slating!

SAMUEL H. NICHOLAS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER OF

WAGONS,

JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

The Gettysburg Compiler

IS PUBLISHED THURSDAY

BY H. J. STAHLE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the small card to the largest hand bill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE in Chambersburg street, a few doors above Eyster's store, on the opposite side with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H J STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

GETTYSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1876.

NUMBER 6. FIFTY-NINTH YEAR.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Han. Junction, Hanover & Gettysb'g RAILROAD.

On and after June 1, 1876, trains will run and connect as follows:

EASTWARD

[illegible timetable]

Passenger trains also leave Gettysburg for Hanover and intermediate points at 9.30 a. m.

H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent

Gettysburg, June 1, 1876

Pennsylvania Rail Road.

FREDERICK DIVISION

ON and after Monday, May 8th, 1876, trains will leave Hanover as follows:

NORTHWARD

[illegible]

SOUTHWARD

[illegible]

WM. E. BIDDLE'S Express Freight Lines.

PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE

THE undersigned has established a line of Freight Cars between Gettysburg and Philadelphia, to run every week—leaving Gettysburg on Wednesday at noon and arriving at Philadelphia on Thursday ... [illegible]

WM. E. BIDDLE

Gettysburg, Dec 16 1875 tf

J. W. CRESS,

Gettysburg & Baltimore Freight Line

Corner of Washington and North streets (Next to Warehouse) GETTYSBURG, Pa

[illegible]

ALSO

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And DEALER in all kinds of PRODUCE.

Goods Handled with Care and Delivered Promptly

TERMS CASH

Aug 1876 tf

Baltimore Advertisements.

1811. 1876.

ESTABLISHED 65 YEARS

FURNITURE.

Wholesale and Retail

CHARLES P. STEVENS,

No 3 South Calvert Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

HAVING one of the largest stocks in the United States, I ... variety of Furniture ... [illegible]

CHARLES P. STEVENS

BALTIMORE, MD

March 21 1876 ly

NOAH WALKER & CO.

WASHINGTON BUILDING

Nos 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street

BALTIMORE, MD.

Large and Extensive Stock of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

[illegible]

OVERCOATS

from $7, $9, $10 and $11 to $15,

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, in large variety to select from for measure

Full line of Men's and Boys'

FURNISHING GOODS.

Feb 2, 1876 tf

CALL & SEE!

Buggies, Carriage, Spring Wagons,

THE undersigned in his Middle street Gettysburg has on hand for sale several

New Falling-Top Buggies,

of the latest styles and best manufacture, also a NEW CARRIAGE, and several first-class

SPRING WAGONS,

now and then on hand, which cannot but ... Persons are requested to call and see this work and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Work made to order on short notice and REPAIRING done

WM H CULP

April 13 1876

For Sale or Exchange.

ANY person wishing to buy a GOOD FARM or exchange on a smaller property can find a good chance by inquiring at the COMPILER office, Gettysburg

January 17 1876 tf

Attorneys, Physicians, &c.

Dr M L Bott,

GRADUATE of the Jefferson Medical College Philadelphia, will attend to his professional duties at all hours in the office adjoining his residence on Carlisle street below the passenger depot Gettysburg ☞ consultation in English and German

Oct 11, 1875 tf

J Lawrence Hill, M D.,

DENTIST

Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street and opposite Dr. Horner's office where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.

Gettysburg April 11 tf

Dr T T Tate

HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence on Chambersburg street recently occupied by Mrs. [illegible]

March 8 1875 tf

Dr F C Wolf,

HAVING LOCATED AT ABBOTTSTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY,

Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage

April 1876 tf

Dr J. J Zitzer,

OF [illegible] late of Carlisle, will visit ... [illegible]

July 1875 tf

Dr. Walter H O'Neal

OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg Pa

April 1875 tf

Dr. W J McClure,

PHYSICIAN SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR

Having permanently located in NEW OXFORD, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office ...

May 20 1867 tf

Dr J L Baehr,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls unless otherwise professionally engaged

Aug 1875 tf

H L Diehl, M D,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. ☞ Office in the North west corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by Rev. J. Martin.

Special attention given to diseases of women and children

May 18 1876 tf

Dr A P Beaver,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Has permanently located in Fairfield ... [illegible]

Aug 1876 ly

Otto Engel M D,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN ... [illegible]

January 1876 ly

REMOVED

W A Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office removed to ... Baltimore street, next ...

Gettysburg Sept 1, 1875 tf

REMOVED

J C Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Office removed to the northwest corner of the Diamond

Gettysburg Sept 23 1875 tf

H B Woods,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG PA

OFFICE—On Baltimore street, east side, near the Diamond, in the large brick building, second floor

Feb 1, 1875 tf

David Wills,

ATTORNEY AT LAW GETTYSBURG PA

Office in his residence, southeast corner of Diamond

Jan 9 1875 tf

John M Krauth

ATTORNEY AT LAW Gettysburg Pa

Collections and all legal business promptly attended to

Office on Baltimore street south of the Court house

July 1869 tf

Samuel M'C Swope,

ATTORNEY AT LAW will promptly attend to all legal business intrusted to him. Office south-east corner of the Diamond

March 3 1876 tf

Jacob A Kitzmiller,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Will promptly attend to collections and all other legal business entrusted to him. He can be found during business hours at the Post office opposite the Court house

Aug 1871 tf

D McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW office one door west of the ... Chambersburg street. Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay and Damages against United States at all times promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land Warrants located and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States

July 16 1869 tf

CENTENNIAL GREETING.

Spring and Summer Opening.

J. PITZER & SON,

BENDERSVILLE, PA,

HAVE just returned from the city with a large stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, and GENERAL STOCK. They have also opened a

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,

with an elegant assortment of Ladies Spring and Summer Hats, French Flowers, Sash Ribbons, the latest novelties in Ladies Lace Silk Neckties, Childrens Lace and Merino Caps, a full assortment of Old Ladies Caps &c.—all under the supervision of Miss W. A. [illegible]

Stock large—latest styles—prices low. Give us a call.

May 1876 tf

INSURANCE AGENCY

AT

NEW OXFORD.

Fire and Life Insurances taken in Reliable Companies.

ASSESSMENTS and ANNUALS due the U. B. MUTUAL AID SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA (Lebanon) can be paid to

H. S. GALBRAITH.

Attorney at Law and Insurance Agent, New Oxford, Adams County, Pa.

☞ Successor to Wm. King deceased.

Dec 16 1875 tf

NEW GOODS!

DURING the early part of the season I have opened at Mount Holly, but purpose being at YORK SPRINGS the greater part of my time through the months of MAY and JUNE. I solicit the patronage of my former customers and all other custom will be thankfully received. Will have on hand a good assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

such as ladies and children wear, through out the season.

MARY A E JOBE

May 7 1875 tf

LEATHER & FINDINGS

THE undersigned continues to sell SOLE LEATHER, Harness, Upper, Kip, Calf Skins, Moroccos, Sheep Skins, Linings, &c with all the FINDINGS used by Shoemakers and Saddlers at the smallest profits.

Store at the old place on Baltimore street nearly opposite the COMPILER Office, Gettysburg. Call in.

H J BRINKERHOFF

April 16 1873 tf

CONSUMPTION. EPILEPTIC FITS. DYSPEPSIA.

PRESCRIPTION sent to any address on receipt of [illegible]. Address

JAMES MACK, M. D., *Rochester, N. Y.*

April 27 1876 ly

WHAT IS VEGETINE?

It is a compound extract from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good sweet sleep at night. It is a panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep, as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

The following unsolicited testimonial from Rev. O. T. Walker, formerly pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston, and at present settled in Providence, R. I., must be deemed reliable. No one should fail to observe that this testimonial is the result of two years' experience with the use of Vegetine in Mr. Walker's family, who now pronounce it invaluable.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Transit Street

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,

Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, Pastor of the M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by all physicians; also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of Rev. E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, and there is no doubt about the curative power of VEGETINE.

NATICK, MASS., Jan. 1st, 1873.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your Vegetine a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age; for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and was so reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give us but the faintest hope of his ever rallying; two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him, as he had not vigor enough to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him Vegetine, and from that time to the present he has been continuously improving. He has lately resumed studies, thrown away crutches and cane, and walks about cheerfully and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where his limb was lanced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of Vegetine, but lately uses but little, as he declares that he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,

E. S. BEST,

MRS. L. C. F. BEST.

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Oct 1m

PURE BONE DUST!

A PRIME ARTICLE OF

BONE DUST,

WARRANTED PURE,

can now be had at the Bone Mill of the undersigned, on Marsh Creek four miles west of Gettysburg.

J. D. PFOUTZ

May 18 1876 6m

To Farmers!

E. FRANK COE'S

SUPERPHOSPHATE.

Warranted Genuine—made of Pure Bone—No Manure is more reliable. For reference consult Rev. James F. Wills and J. L. Bear, Esqs.

Champion Reaper & Mower.

The only complete Iron Frame Machine in the Market; an 18,000 are manufactured for this year's sales.

True's Potato Planter.

Cuts and drops sound potatoes and adds fertilizer. One man can plant six acres in a day.

Wisner Horse Rake.

Any little girl or boy that can drive a gentle horse can rake the hay as well as the strongest man.

FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL

A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributor for combined Grain and Fertilizer Drill.

Randall's Grain Fan.

You can take out the best grain for seed, and leave the balance in a merchantable condition.

Kissell's Corn Plow.

Sulkey attachment—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.

Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.

Not excelled by any others.

Steam Engines.

The Eclipse portable and stationary, manufactured by Frick & Co., Waynesboro. Also Stationary Engines and Boilers, Circular Saw Mills &c.

☞ To be seen at the Warehouse of SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg.

James Bigham, Agent.

April 30 1875 tf

F. G. STARK,

Practical Watch-Maker, Jeweler and Engraver,

MARKET SQUARE,

HANOVER, PA.

☞ Also dealer in Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver ware, Spectacles, and Musical Instruments.

New Goods!—Large Stock!

☞ Repairing done expeditiously and cheaply.

Dec 2 1875 ly

JOHN A. LUSK,

Horse Trainer.

THE undersigned, having secured the AGRICULTURAL FAIR GROUNDS OF GETTYSBURG for the coming season, is prepared to

TAKE HORSES TO TRAIN.

The track is half a mile and unsurpassed. THE BREAKING AND TRAINING OF COLTS A SPECIALTY. Horses taken to Winter at moderate rates. Terms reasonable. All orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to. Refers to the Agricultural Society.

JOHN A LUSK,

Gettysburg, Pa

April 12, 1875 tf

JOHN W. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle Hotel

Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—
If you want your hair dressed finely—
If you want your face shaved smoothly
Tip's the fellow that can do it—
Do it in the latest fashion—
Do it quick and do it neatly

Jan 20 1871

Charles F. Dorsey,

AUCTIONEER,

EAGLE HOTEL

New Oxford, Pa.

Nov 1876 tf

Miscellaneous.

TILDEN AND REFORM.

AIR—BATTLE CRY OF FREEDOM

We are going to the polls boys
We're going once again
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
We are making it quite hot boys
We'll charge with might and main
Shouting for Victory and Tilden

Our Tilden forever Hurrah boys Hurrah!
Down with oppression
Up with the law
While we rally round our men boys,
Reform must be maintained
Shouting for Victory and Tilden

We're urging on the war boys
Not shedding any gore
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
But are filling our ranks
With reformers by the score
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
Our Tilden forever etc

Now we welcome to our camp boys
All the patriotic braves
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
All the over taxed with burdens
Whom the ring nearly makes them slaves
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
Our Tilden forever etc

We are cleaning out the halls
For our Tilden and the rest
Shouting for Tilden and Freedom
And we'll charge the felon crew
With ... [illegible]
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
Our Tilden forever etc

Return upon our flag boys
And [illegible] Hendricks O K
Shouting for Hendricks and Tilden
If the Rads expect redemption
They [illegible] to come our way
Shouting for Victory and Tilden
Our Tilden forever etc

FORWARD!

TO THE PEOPLE!

ADDRESS OF THE STATE COMMITTEE

HARRISBURG, October 12.

Hon Wm McClelland, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has issued the following address to the people of Pennsylvania. In a few days he will announce appointments for meetings in every section of the State, and a strong army of the ablest orators will be called into the field. Ohio and Indiana being considered settled by both sides for November the campaigners from those States will be thrown into Pennsylvania. General Tom Ewing and General Morgan of Ohio, the great leaders against the resumption bill of 1875 will speak in the Western and interior counties, Senator Wallace, Governors Hendricks, Curtin and Bigler will commence in a few days and speak daily until the election and the entire force of party orators will be pressed into the service. The report of the committee is that the Democrats are thoroughly inspirited by the favorable results of the October elections and there will certainly be a desperate contest for the electoral vote of Pennsylvania. The following is

MR. McCLELLAND'S ADDRESS

COMMITTEE ROOMS

HARRISBURG Oct 12, 1876

To the People of Pennsylvania:

We congratulate you on the victory won by the people in the great States of Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia on Tuesday last.

The contest was one of desperate energy and unscrupulous use of power by our opponents.

We have carried the States of Indiana and West Virginia by decided majorities and have substantially a victory in Ohio, the home of the Presidential candidate of the Republican party, for if it be saved to them at all it is "as by fire."

All who have desired purity of administration and loved constitutional government have united with us in this desperate struggle with official patronage, money and power.

The people have won.

Hate, money and fraud have been found unable to cope with a sincere desire for Reform and Constitutional Government.

The prestige of success is with "Tilden, Hendricks and Reform." We have beaten the enemy upon a field of their own choosing. Our lines are unbroken, their forces are demoralized and retreating. "FORWARD" is now the word.

Pennsylvania is to be won. Our fight is to be an aggressive one. The township and county organizations will press the contest in every locality with vigor and determination. Arouse the people. Attack the enemy. Demand an answer for the wrongs of the past and the ills of the present, arraign them for business depression, for dishonest government, for extravagance in administration, for broken law and delayed reconstruction. All old issues have passed away, there is nothing left of them to explain or defend. Our opponents ARE UPON TRIAL.

The issues of the canvass are sharply defined. The people demand and they will have honest government and an end of Grantism. They demand and they will have reduction of taxation and decrease of expenditure. They demand and they will have a change of financial policy, through which a sound basis will be reached by an easier road than that of universal bankruptcy, which those in power persist in following. They demand and they will have an end of hate and a beginning of peace and unity.

We ask the aid of all who believe that the hour for change has come. The questions are those of country and not of party, and in the coming struggle in November we believe that every patriot will be with us in the final victory over the corrupt practices and official power of an universally detested Federal administration.

By order of the State committee,

WM McCLELLAND,

Chairman.

IN 1865 Gov Hendricks was U. S. Senator from Indiana. When Congress adjourned that year, Senator Hendricks, of course, called on the President to pay his respects. At the close of the interview Lincoln took him by the hand and said very cordially, "Hendricks, you are a Democrat and have stood by your party, but my administration has no reason to complain of you, and it is perhaps proper here before you leave, that I should say to you that in a short time things will assume a shape across the river (pointing out of the window and across the Potomac) when we can have a general jubilee."

"SPEAKING of bathing," said Mrs Partington, from behind the steam that arose from her tea as a veil to her blushes when touching upon so delicate a subject, "some can bathe with perfect impurity in water as cold as Greenland's icy mountains and India's coral strand, but for my part I prefer to have the water a little torpid."

THE SWEARING BISHOP AND THE ADDLED EGGS.

Some excellent points were developed in a speech made last week by Parke Godwin, the distinguished Liberal Republican and reformer, at a rousing Tilden banner raising in Glen Cove, Long Island. Mr Godwin had "stood it as long as he could" in the Republican party, but, unlike Schurz, he is compelled to be consistent with the declarations of the Fifth avenue conference, which he, like Schurz, helped to bring about. After showing up the history of Mr. Jenks's and Mr George W. Curtis's much talked of campaign for "civil service reform," and its total humiliating failure—a necessary failure, so long as the party in power hold the rings—and after adverting to the crime of the Grant administration in its attempts to hold Louisiana and other states by such means as have been adopted, Mr Godwin proceeded thus:

The condition of the Republican party at present, continued the speaker, is worse than that described in Dante's "Inferno"—"Rings within rings, and rings with rings" of malefactors and thieves. Frauds are practised in all things, even in the procuring of stones to set above our dead soldiers' ever sacred graves. [Applause] But we had better draw a veil over that, added Mr Godwin. He then spoke of the class of "mock eyed" Republicans who used the motto of Moliere's mock hero when he was told that the heart was on the left side of the body, "We have changed all that." "What you call Republicanism," they said, "is not Republicanism at all, but Grantism." This is like the old bishop who attempted to excuse his occasional profanity by saying that he swore as a man not as a bishop. "Yes" said a friend, "but when you go to hell as a man what will become of the bishop?" [Laughter] "So," added the speaker, "when Grantism goes where it ought to go, what will become of Republicanism?"

The Republican party had taken their reformer Hayes on the nomination of Mr Cameron, who had long been connected with the dirtiest things in the dirtiest State in the Union. They said Governor Hayes would inaugurate a new state of things because he was a "new man." But they suppose that by putting a new hen upon a nest of rotten eggs they could hatch out a brood of new chickens? [Laughter] He was probably an honest upright man of fair abilities, but he was not the man for the emergency.

Mr Godwin proceeded to show why, there being no third party, the government must be placed in Democratic hands if the country was to be saved. The party had organized on its immortal declarations at St. Louis. [Great applause] He had never in all his experience read a platform so penetrating, impressive, and intelligible. Those selected as the candidates for the two highest offices in the country were probably, of all on this continent the ones best calculated to meet the emergencies of the day. [Cheers] Never since James Madison died had there been a presidential candidate who so closely resembled him in character as Samuel J Tilden. [Applause]

He spoke of the attacks made upon Governor Tilden as bold, flagrant and abominable falsehoods, denounced the Republican efforts to convince the negroes that if the Democrats regained power they would be put back into slavery, and concluded by hoping that this year be consecrated to peace, good will and harmony, and that another Centennial anniversary would find the republic still young, still beautiful, still strong, and still crying "Amen" to the work done and reforms inaugurated this year.

THE SOUTHERN CLAIMS

A Statement that Republican Members Presented Them.

A Washington special to the New York *World* in reference to the southern claims question, says: The facts are that nearly all the claims recited under the different bugaboo captions have been originally presented by southern Republican members of Congress. This is especially true of claims for losses from damages for property seized, and it has been more than suspected in regard to many of these claims that the Republican members presenting and urging them had a pecuniary interest in their allowance, and that in order to get the aid of northern Republicans many of them were also let into these arrangements. The claims for refunding the cotton tax have been pressed earnestly before every Congress since the Supreme Court passed on the constitutionality of the tax, with only one exception—that of the last Democratic House of Representatives. The bill drawn to refund that tax, especially favored by those having charge of the measure, was offered by Mr McKee, a Republican representative from the state of Mississippi. The proposition for the government to rebuild the Mississippi levees was especially favored by Secretaries Stanton and Harlan during Mr Johnson's administration, and a bill appropriating $1 250,000 as an entering wedge to this policy was reported by Senator Clarke, of New Hampshire, and passed the Senate by a vote of 5 to 1 at a time when that body was two thirds Republican.

"BOB" INGERSOLL, Gov. Hayes' particular friend, and eulogist of James G. Blaine, called the Presbyterian church, the other day, "the old shebang," and speaking of the action which he falsely said it took on the slavery question, he said that the devil never chose a more infamous instrument to accomplish a more infamous purpose. Colonel "Bob" Ingersoll is the one man on whose efforts the Republicans rely to win this campaign. He calls God a "fiend" and Jim Blaine "a plumed knight." He says Governor Tilden is "a railroad wrecker" and "a perjurer," and thinks Governor Hayes the only proper man for the presidency. Governor Hayes is welcome to his champion.—*Patriot.*

SENATOR WALLACE says it's the hungry belly against the bloody shirt this year. That's about the size of it.

"Would you, after a hen had been sitting on the eggs until they had become rotten, effect a change for the better by putting a new hen on the rotten eggs?"

THE INITIALS OF THE CANDIDATES.

S. J. T.—Shall Justice Triumph?
T. A. H.—Truth And Honesty.
R. B. H.—Ruin Beyond Hope.
W. A. W.—Worse And Worse

From the Baltimore Gazette.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AND THE SOLDIERS.

To the Editor: In your editorial comments on the services thus far rendered by the House of Representatives, you have omitted reference to some important legislation by that branch of Congress. The House, several months since passed a bill extending the time to 1880 for filing claims for additional bounty. The House passed the bill relative to pensions of 1812, allowing pension for ten days service and to widows of the soldiers of that war where marriage occurred prior to 1850. The House pension committee has unanimously reported a bill allowing all pensioners of the last war to recieve pay from date of discharge or from death, in the case of widows, which is eminently just.

What has the Senate done in reference to these matters? Absolutely nothing!

The soldiers of the last war have had resolutions passed time and again, and Republican conventions are annually spreading on their lather by attempting by words to glorify the soldier. Does it pay? No. They begin to understand that the aristocratic elements represented by the Republican party in Congress are not in sympathy with their interests, and unwilling to concede their rights, and it will be made manifest in the coming election.

Soldiers, take note of these facts.

EX SOLDIER

THE SAME OLD TUNE!

To the Editor of The World—SIR: I am an old Democratic private whose service in the field dates back to 1828. I wish to recall a few of the campaign lies of the enemy. General Jackson was charged with murder, and coffin handbills circulated far and wide. Van Buren with being the son of Aaron Burr. Jas. K. Polk with branding his slaves with his initials, J. K. P., deep into their flesh. Frank Pierce with cowardice and drunkenness, and Horatio Seymour with rioting and treason. Can Samuel J. Tilden escape? While the slanderers of Jackson and his successors are rotten and forgotten their memories are cherished all over the land. So it will be ten years hence with President Tilden.

VERITAS.

N. B.—Excuse this scrawl. It comes from an old man.

UNIVERSAL REPUBLICAN CORRUPTION

"I think I fully appreciate the importance of this canvass. It is narrowing itself daily more and more into a struggle between the people and the managers who hold the official organization of the country—for their own exclusive benefit. From the days of the Credit Mobilier down to the last exposures made by the investigations of the last Congress there is only one conclusion to be drawn, and that is the prevalence of corruption almost everywhere in the Republican organization."

These are the words of Charles Francis Adams, the able and honorable Gubernatorial candidate of the Democracy of Massachusetts. There is nothing new in them, nothing with which the people are not familiar, but coming as they do from one so wise and able as Mr Adams, who was once a Republican at heart, their significance is very great. He is the man who is designated by the *Tribune* and other rotten apple organs as a figure-head and his nomination by the Democrats a "trick." There is no difficulty now in understanding why Mr Adams is no longer a favorite of the Republicans.

THE Cincinnati platform on which Gov Hayes was nominated declares that Grant's administration "merits commendation for its honest, able work in its management of domestic and foreign affairs." This "honest, able work," is summarized in Belknap's sales of army sutlerships and jobs in soldier's tombstones, in Delano's management of Indian affairs as shown in the reports of Mr William Welsh and Professor Marsh, in Robeson's fraudulent connection with the Cattells in navy contracts in the strawbids of the postoffice department, in the robberies of the whiskey ring, in the frauds of the custom house, and in the bayonet rule which has imposed on a portion of the people infamous governments which they had repudiated at the ballot box. Gov. Hayes in his letter accepting the nomination, expresses his unqualified approval of Grant's administration, and thus makes it a model and example for his own guidance. The people are right therefore in the belief that four years of Hayes would make twelve years of Grantism.—*Patriot.*

WE are indebted to the New York *World* for the following political antitheses:

The Pennsylvania War Governor, A. G. Curtin, supports Samuel J. Tilden; the Pennsylvania War Secretary, Simon Cameron, supports Rutherford B. Hayes.

Lincoln's Secretary of the Navy, Gideon Welles, supports Samuel J. Tilden, Grant's Secretary of the Navy, Secor Robeson, supports Rutherford B. Hayes.

Lincoln's assistant Secretary of War, Peter K. Watson, supports Samuel J. Tilden, Grant's Secretary of War, Donald Cameron, supports Rutherford B. Hayes.

Cassius M Clay, Abolitionist, Foreign Minister by Lincoln's appointment, supports Tilden. Godlove S. Orth, patronage broker and Foreign Minister by Grant's appointment, supports Hayes.

BEN BUTLER says that "except for the good I can do in settling this Southern question, I don't want to go to Congress." Withdraw at once from the canvass, then, Benjamin. You can do no good whatever in that matter. You can do harm, and only harm. The Southern people are going to settle that question in the best and only true way, which is by assisting in the election of Gov. Tilden next month, and by driving from power in their States the corrupt crew who have fattened on the oppressive taxes wrung from them and squandered.

THE Rev. E. Fowler, who told the stupid story about Mr. Tilden cursing the Union soldiers, which gave so much delight to the Republican organs, has suddenly and mysteriously disappeared from the scenes of political activity in Michigan. Fowler's tale is utterly discredited by the Episcopal clergymen in Detroit, one of whom writes to Mr. Dickinson, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Michigan, that Fowler made to him a totally different statement of the matter in which Mr. Tilden was not mentioned.

THE Springfield *Republican* observes that "Mr. Adams is quite warming up in his advocacy of Gov. Tilden. There are passages in his now numerous letters that indicate the blood of his ancestors. His much talked of coldness seems to be thoroughly thawed."

HAYES is merely a brass pin in the ruffle of the "bloody shirt."

THE RACE CONFLICT IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

The New York *Herald* has done a service to the country in sending a special correspondent to the scene of the late fighting in South Carolina who has made an unprejudiced report, which shows that the number of negroes killed has been grossly exaggerated. Instead of 300 it turns out only to be 16, and these 16 men were killed in open resistance of the service of a warrant for the arrest of a burglar by the sheriff's posse—the sheriff being a colored man and being one of the wounded in the attempt to execute his process. The *Herald*, commenting on the report of its correspondent, says:

The Ellenton riot, in its different phases, was undoubtedly an exciting affair, but it is over, and we do not see anything in its history to warrant the charges which Governor Chamberlain, candidate for re-election, publishes against the white people of the state. There was disorder on both sides, but it is clear from our correspondent's account that while the negroes, ignorant, suspicious, under the leadership of men of their own color, who prefer mischief to peace and, wrongly alarmed, brought on the strife and throughout acted without authority or warrant of law, the whites acted as a sheriff's posse, had with them the colored sheriff, who was wounded by the fire of the negroes, and it is clear that the white men conducted themselves with order and self-restraint.

What we chiefly notice in the whole matter is that the governor of the State appears to have taken no part in it or notice of it. He seems to have turned it over to the federal powers, and it remained for United States troops to step in between the combatants and stop the struggle, which was done at once, the whites disbanding and going home without a minute's hesitation, as soon as the federal captain appeared and promised that the negroes should also disband and cease hostilities. Now there is no hope of any community where the local authorities are thus abject and inactive. If Governor Chamberlain had in no other way shown his unfitness for the office to which he aims to re-elect himself, his conduct in this Ellenton affair ought to cause every man, white and black, in the State, to vote against him. The colored men, in particular, ought to vote against him, because they above all others need a State government prompt to put down lawlessness, whether it arises in their own ranks or among the whites. All experience since the war proves that the negroes cannot make a successful stand against the whites in these irregular and internecine conflicts. They have, as at Vicksburg and elsewhere, been ready enough to begin a fight, but they always get the worst of it, because they are badly led by designing knaves who lead them into trouble only to desert them in the moment of action. General Hampton has, on every stump in the State promised equal and complete protection to the blacks. We advise them to take him at his word and vote for him solidly. He is a man of character and cannot afford to forfeit his word, nor does he want to.

WHAT ABOUT GOV HAYES INCOME TAX.

Has Gov Hayes been defrauding the revenue? Abram S Hewitt, chairman of the National Democratic Committee, states in his preface to Judge Sinnott's refutation of the income tax charged against Gov. Tilden, that he applied five weeks ago to the secretary of the treasury for certified copies of the income returns of Gov. Tilden and Gov Hayes, and that his request has never been noticed, although it was published in the newspapers. This proves, in the first place, that the treasury officials can find no fault with Gov. Tilden's returns, or they would at once have published their discoveries, and in the second place, it proves that there is something wrong about Gov. Hayes' returns, for, if they were honest and correct, the Republicans would have been glad to dispel the suspicion which warrants their silence. That there is something about them which the Republicans wish to conceal is also shown by the fact that, while Republican papers are allowed to photo-lithograph such portions of Gov. Tilden's returns as they think available for their purposes, Democrats have been refused permission by the treasury officials to see Gov. Hayes' returns at all.

This outrage is enough to damn, beyond salvation, Gov. Hayes and the whole administration behind him. Gov. Hayes has been shown conclusively to have defrauded the state of Ohio of taxes upon his personal and inherited property, and to have sworn to estimates obviously false. Now that the action of the Republican officials arouses the strong suspicion that he has been defrauding the United States government also, the voters of the country will conclude that Gov. Hayes' reform pretensions are shams, and that he is personally unfit to be charged with the administration of its affairs.—*Patriot.*

THE IMMACULATE WHEELER.—The N. Y. *Nation*, a Republican paper of some independence has this to say of the Republican candidate for Vice President:

A good many campaign lies have been "nailed" during the week, and a good many "charges" made. It is not true, it seems, that Mr Vance congratulated his hearers in North Carolina on the fact that "the brave southern heroes who dipped their hands in Union blood are for reform and Tilden," but he merely quoted the sentiment from one of "Bob" Ingersoll's speeches, for the purpose of repudiating it with scorn. Nor is it true either that one Daniel P. Jones, an agent of the Christian commission, on calling upon Mr. Tilden during the war for aid for sick and wounded soldiers, was brutally repelled by the Democratic candidate for President with the assurance that he (Mr. Tilden) would "rather see all the soldiers starve than give them one cent;" but on the contrary, it turns out that this Jones is a feeble minded man of low repute, "generally shunned in consequence of his squalid appearance and uncleanly habits." On the other hand, Mr. Wheeler's record in congress is being examined by the Democrats with good result, in as much as they find that he "put through" the Northern Pacific land grant scheme, and engineered the Goat Island purchase in the House. Of these two charges the second seems to be much the best, as the Goat Island purchase was so notorious a job that, when the transfer of the Island to the Central Pacific railroad as a gift was proposed, one or two of the Democrats got up in their places and declared that if the Island was going begging they were willing to make an offer of a round million or so for it themselves. Mr. Wheeler, besides being a "land grabber," also turns out to be a "railroad wrecker," inasmuch as he has been sued by a railroad, of which he was one of the trustees, to recover a sum of money which he is alleged to have abstracted from the treasury. We do not care to go into the merits of these accusations, but we may venture to remind the Republicans that if they do not enjoy having a candidate attacked in this way, it is their own fault. They made a great pretense at the time of the Cincinnati convention of having selected Mr Wheeler as their candidate on account of his established moral worth and "approved sagacity," whereas, in reality, he was selected partly because he came from New York, partly because no one knew anything against him, and partly by pure accident.

HOW TILDEN SMASHED THE RING.

John Foley Gives Governor Dix a Few Facts About the Matter

The following correspondence has been given to the public:

GOVERNOR DIX AFTER INFORMATION PREJUDICIAL TO MR TILDEN.

3 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET,
NEW YORK, Aug 31, 1876

MY DEAR SIR: I called to see you yesterday and regretted to find you were out of town. You told me two years ago that when you commenced the attack on Tweed, which ended in his overthrow, you went to Mr. Tilden and he advised you not to attempt it. You did not take his advice and had a partial success. You then went to him a second time and he again attempted to dissuade you from going on, said you had no standing in court, &c. You persisted, nevertheless, and for your action this city owes you a debt of gratitude which I think has never been repaid. You attended the great meeting of the 4th of September, 1871, which led to the appointment of the committee of seventy, Mr. Tilden did not attend. Have you any objection to giving me a statement showing what you did, what Mr. Tilden said to you, and what were precisely your legal measures and successes? I will not use your name without your consent, but it is important that I should have facts which can be substantiated if they are denied. My address is Seafield, West Hampton, N. Y.

An early answer will oblige, dear sir,

Yours, very truly,

JOHN A. DIX.

JOHN FOLEY, Esq.

To this letter Mr. Foley has made the following answer:

THE INFORMATION NOT IN EXISTENCE

NO 2 ASTOR HOUSE,
NEW YORK, Oct. 4, 1876

The Hon. John A. Dix

MY DEAR GOVERNOR: I should have sooner replied to your letter, as its importance demanded, but for my absence from the city and a press of business matters. You are mistaken in your impression as to Governor Tilden's action in the Tammany ring prosecution. I had several interviews with him in 1871, and gave him a printed copy of my proposed injunction. After a careful examination Mr Tilden came to the same conclusion that several other eminent lawyers arrived at, namely, that, as a taxpayer, I had no standing in court, and as the law then stood, I could not procure an injunction to stop the further stealing of the ring. My own able counsel, Messrs. John H Strahan and Judge George C Barrett, thought otherwise, and strongly held that the injunction was my only true remedy, but, fortunately for me and for our plundered city, Tweed, Hall and Sweeny thought that their only safety was to throw all the blame upon Connolly, and they arranged with Judge Barnard to grant the injunction and so it was done. Mr Tilden manifested no desire to shield the ring, but, on the contrary, quite a bitter feeling existed between him and Tweed.

WHY MR TILDEN WAS NOT AT THE MEETING OF SEPTEMBER 4

You refer to the circumstance that Mr Tilden did not attend the great meeting of the 4th of September, 1871. Perhaps you are not aware of the fact that he remained away because he was engaged in pursuing the same end by another route, and that it was, on consultation (he being the chairman of the Democratic state committee,) deemed best for the good cause that he should not attend at that meeting, but should proceed separately. You also forget that the first great public meeting held in our city to put down Tweed and his Tammany ring occurred August 7, 1871. You were invited, but you failed to attend that or the 4th of September meeting or any of the early meetings of the committee of seventy, neither do you refer to the fact that the live, stirring speech delivered by Mr Havemeyer at the 4th of September meeting was revised previous to its delivery by Mr. Tilden, who gave to it the clearness and backbone by which it was characterized. It is a notorious fact that long before this Mr. Tilden had become one of the most determined opponents of the ring both here, in the Young Democracy fight, and in the state convention.

WHY MR. FOLEY DID NOT SUPPORT DIX IN 1874.

In 1872 I took an active part in your nomination and election as governor of this state. Although a Democrat and you a Republican, I felt that you were the best and most competent man in our state to aid and sustain the great reform movement; and it is but just to say that although you made some serious mistakes, on the whole you made a good governor, and when nominated for a second term two years ago, I told you early in the canvass that your defeat was certain, and that the people owed so much to Mr Tilden for his powerful aid in the prosecution of Tweed and the ring. And now, when we come to contrast two years of Governor Tilden's management of our state with yours, it proves the wisdom and good judgment of the people in making the change. No other man could or would attack and put down the powerful canal ring as Governor Tilden has done; and for his good work the people of our state will ever feel grateful to him, under his wise and able management our state taxes have been reduced one half; and this is just the kind of management our whole country is now in so much need of. For these reasons I may say to you that I mean to support Governor Tilden for President, and to do my utmost to secure his election.

REFORM IS NECESSARY—IN THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

But this is not all. When I consider the fact that one-half the number of business men and traders in this country have gone through bankruptcy, and that a large proportion of the other half will become bankrupts, although many of them don't know it; and when I reflect that this wide-spread ruin is the result of the extravagance and the corruption of the dominant party, I feel that there is a necessity such as in all our history never before existed for a change and for reform. Can this change and this reform be expected from the election of Hayes and Wheeler? What evidence have they ever given that they are reformers, or that they hold any other principles or contemplate any other policy than the principles and policy of this rotten and ruinous Republican party? Have they ever raised their voices in protest against the evils which have been brought upon us? Has any Republican ever done this?

Have you even, General Dix, spoken out boldly, like a man, and warned the people of the mischief that was coming upon them through the corruption of their rulers? Hence the great necessity for a thorough and radical change, which can only be secured by the election of Mr. Tilden. These are the considerations which have determined me to support Governor Tilden. I should be glad if a veteran and a man in independent circumstances like yourself would adopt the same determination; but, however that may be, I pray you to believe that I remain very sincerely yours,

JOHN FOLEY.

INDIANA! WEST VIRGINIA!

ONE WAY OF CARVING A TURKEY.

Philadelphia Bulletin.—There is nothing a young unmarried man likes better than to go to a dinner at the house of a friend and to be asked to carve the turkey. He never carved a turkey in his life, and with an old maid on one side of him, watching him closely, and on the other side a fair girl for whom he has a tenderness, he feels embarrassed when he begins. First he pushes the knife down toward one of the thigh joints. He can't find the joint, and he plunges the knife around in search of it until he makes mincemeat out of the whole quarter of the fowl. Then he sharpens his knife and tackles it again. At last, while making a terrific dig, he hits the joint suddenly, and the leg flies into the maiden lady's lap, while her dress front is covered with a shower of stuffing. Then he goes for the other leg, and when the young lady tells him he looks warm, the weather seems to him suddenly to become 400 degrees warmer. This leg he finally pulls loose with his fingers. He lays it on the edge of the plate, and while he is hacking at the wing he gradually pushes the leg over on the clean table cloth, and when he picks it up it slips from his hand into the gravy dish and splashes the gravy around for six square yards. Just as he has made up his mind that the turkey has no joints to its wings, the host asks him if he thinks the Indians can really be civilized? The girl next to him laughs, and he says he will explain his views upon the subject after dinner. Then he sops his brow with his handkerchief and presses the turkey so hard with the fork that it slides off the dish and upsets a goblet of water on the girl next to him. Nearly frantic, he goes away again at the wings, gets them off in a mutilated condition, and digs into the breast. Before he can cut any off, the host asks him why he don't help the turkey. Bewildered, he puts both legs on a plate and hands them to the maiden lady, and then helps the young girl to a plateful of stuffing, and while taking her plate in return knocks over the gravy dish. Then he sits down with the calmness of despair, and fans himself with a napkin, while the servant girl clears up and takes the turkey to the other end of the table. He doesn't discuss the Indian question that day. He goes home right after dinner and spends the night trying to decide whether to commit suicide or to take lessons in carving.

SHE WANTED TO REGISTER.—*Detroit Free Press.*—Yesterday forenoon a determined looking woman, accompanied by a small sized husband who had a retiring air, called at the First Precinct in the Fifth Ward, and demanded to be registered, while the husband remained outside and whistled a lonesome tune.

"In the name of twelve million downtrodden women, I demand to be registered," said the woman.

"In the name of the law, I reply that I can't do it," replied one of the board.

"You must."

"I can't."

"You shall."

"I won't."

"Then, sir, twelve million down trodden, long waiting women of America shall hiss your name to scorn and contempt forever more."

"It makes me feel bad, but I can't help it," replied the member.

The woman glared at him for a minute, favored him with a double jointed scowl and then walked out. Her husband opened the door after she had closed it with a bang, and in a voice of deep humility remarked:

"I didn't want to come along, but was forced to. Don't think hard of me, gentlemen."

MODEL CURE FOR LOVE.—A new and amusing cure for love has lately been found effective in a fashionable Parisian quarter. The son of a wealthy nobleman became enamored of his father's chambermaid, and determined to marry her. The aristocratic papa opposed, but moved at last by the despair of his son, gave his consent, with the provision that the smitten youth should go to sea for twelve months before the marriage. Shortly after his departure, the father, who had previously observed a stoutness and fattening in the young intended, took her under his especial charge, gave her the most nourishing food and wines, forbade her to take exercise as unbecoming in his future daughter, and in fact, stall fed her to such an extent, that when the enamored swain returned from his year's voyage, he was horrified to find, instead of the slender, elegant girl he had left, an immense, fat woman, large enough to put in a museum. Of course the ruse was successful, and the unfortunate victim of good cheer has been pensioned off.

A NEW METHOD OF STARTING RACE HORSES.—A Saratoga dispatch says: "The dissatisfaction occasioned by the bad starts given in some important events has induced the Racing Association to adopt a new method of starting horses which bids fair to be successful. Hereafter there will be virtually two starters, and the horses are to be taken about thirty yards back of the actual starting line. The first starter will get the horses in line, and will be invested with power to punish jockeys for disobeying his orders by suspending them, or imposing fines. After the horses are in position he will give them the word to go, and if they are fairly even when they pass the second starter he drops his flag. This will prevent a horse from gaining the advantage of a running start."

AN eccentric old gentleman who lately died in Paris has forbidden in his will that priests should officiate at his funeral, or that his heirs or anybody should follow his corpse to the grave. The will observes that persons invited to funerals are often inconvenienced by being withdrawn from their business through a necessity for showing respect to the dead and his family. It wishes to spare them that inconvenience. It also says that such guests, though wearing a melancholy aspect at the residence of the dead, become very cheerful on the way to the cemetery when in the first carriages, and sometimes uproariously so at the end of the line.

PATIENT TO THE DOCTOR.—"And it is really true that I shall recover?" "Infallibly," answers the man of medicine, taking from his pocket a paper full of figures. "Here, look at the statistics of our cases, you will find that 1 per cent. of those attacked with your malady are cured." "Well," says the sick man, in an unsatisfied manner. "Well, you are the 100th person with this disease that I had under my care, and the first 99 are all dead."

IT is said that the idle railroad employees at Altoona will all be furnished with work again in the course of two or three weeks. The engines and cars are so much run down as to require a general overhauling, while repairs to the track must be made forthwith.

PARIS ate 2,370 horses in the first quarter of 1876; 549 more than in the corresponding months of 1875.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler.

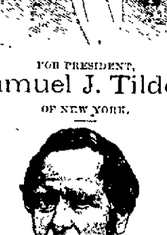
THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1876.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Samuel J. Tilden,

OF NEW YORK.



FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Thomas A. Hendricks,

OF INDIANA.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

AT LARGE:

Charles R. Buckalew. Samuel B. Wilson.

DISTRICT:

1. Robert P. Sharf,
2. Geo. R. Barrett,
3. Wm. H. Wright,
4. Thos. E. Cooklin,
5. John Moffit,
6. J. A. Morrison,
7. Owen Jones,
8. Wm. K. Hage,
9. Joel L. Lightner,
10. H. T. Trumbower,
11. Geo. H. Rowland,
12. John Neelon,
13. Jesse B. McCamant,
14. Daniel D. Rose.
15. Jos. B. McCullum,
16. Frank W. Knox,
17. John H. Dill,
18. Thomas Bower,
19. David Small,
20. Sch. Wimmer,
21. Jas. J. Haslett,
22. John B. Guthrie,
23. Rob't. M. Gibson,
24. David S. Morris,
25. Robt. H. Brown,
26. T. W. Grafton,
27. Ben. F. Merrill.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS,

Hon. LEVI MAISH, of York.

STATE SENATOR,

Hon. ISAAC HERTER, Highland.

(Subject to District Conference.)

ASSEMBLY,

WM. A. MARTIN, Menallen,
Dr. WM. J. McCLURE, New Oxford.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,

SAMUEL ORNDORFF, Hamilton.

JURY COMMISSIONER,

EDWARD C. SLAGLE, Germany.

CORONER,

Dr. HOWARD L. DIEHL, Gettysburg.

EVERY man who wants times to continue as they are four years longer, will, of course, vote for Hayes and Wheeler.

EX-TREASURER NEW, of Indiana, wrote to a Republican official at Washington on the eve of the late election in that State: "If Indiana goes Democratic, you may as well begin to pack your baggage and prepare to go home."

THE Know Nothing oath of the American Alliance is, "I solemnly swear that I will vote for no person aspiring to an official position in this country who is not an American citizen by birth. So help me God" Rutherford B. Hayes has accepted the nomination of this bigoted association for President with full knowledge of its principles and purposes.

CHAMBERLAIN has but one hope of defeating Hampton in South Carolina, and that is, the federal army. Already peaceable white men are arrested and imprisoned for no other crime than that of opposition to the thieving carpet-baggers who are ruining the State, and this desperate game is to be played until the election is over. But will it win? Will not such infamous doings recoil upon their authors?

THE Republican campaign thus far, and especially in Ohio and Indiana, has been composed of two elements; first, personal abuse and slander of Mr. Tilden; and secondly, the revival of the war with all its passions and hatreds. These have made up all the issues of the campaign on the Republican side. They are worn out, and something new is indispensable even to make the contest reasonably interesting.

THE October results have placed the "bloody shirt" below par. A Washington dispatch says:

Republicans who have been campaigning in Ohio and Indiana have returned here with open denunciations of the "bloody shirt" policy which Morton, Blaine and Ingersoll adopt in these States. They admit that it did more harm than good, and advise that Blaine and Boutwell be kept out of the canvass in New York and other States.

THE Administration and the Republican leaders are utterly demoralized and depressed by the results in Ohio and Indiana, and with good reason. Practically, they staked the Presidency on these two States, and their whole plan of campaign was organized to carry them by decisive majorities, and thus through the moral influence of this projected success upon the doubtful voters in close States, sweep the country next month. But they have failed in October, and will fail in November!

THE BATTLE GROUND.—Indiana was the chosen battle ground of the Republicans. Secure in the possession of Ohio, the home of their candidate which they boastfully claimed by a majority of thirty five thousand, they concentrated upon the devoted state of Indiana every engine of political power which the administration could bring to bear. All the money that could be expressed from its hordes of official dependants was poured into the state in order to corrupt the judgment of the people. It was a conflict for mastery between the people and their servants. AND THE VICTORY REMAINS WITH THE PEOPLE.

THERE is no abler political manipulator than Oliver P. Morton of Indiana. In this last canvass he displayed more than his usual energy, pulled the wires with extraordinary caution, spoke continuously, and in every county in the State, had at his command the picked men of the Republican phalanx of stump speakers, supported for his candidate for Governor a popular man, and handled no end of money; yet Morton has been badly beaten and his State is safe for Tilden and Hendricks in November. The Indiana victory is a great one, won against heavy odds, because the people are tired of Grantism and determined to have a change.

Tilden the Next President!

SO SAY THE POSTED BOOKS!

President Lincoln's Assistant Secretary of War, Mr. Dana, "posts the books" in the N. Y. *Sun* as follows, and there is probably no one in the United States better qualified to judge than he. The calculation is reasonable and likely to be verified by results in every particular. Says the *Sun*:

The results of the recent elections enable us to determine with reasonable accuracy how the great question will be decided in November. In that contest, as our readers will remember, the whole number of electors to be chosen is 369, and the candidate who gets as many as 185 of these will be elected. Here is the record as it stands since Tuesday:

STATES CERTAIN TO VOTE FOR TILDEN.

Alabama	10	Missouri	15
Arkansas	6	New Jersey	9
Connecticut	6	New York	35
Delaware	3	North Carolina	10
Georgia	11	Oregon	3
Indiana	15	Tennessee	12
Kentucky	12	Texas	8
Louisiana	8	Virginia	11
Maryland	8	West Virginia	5
Mississippi	8		
Total			185

Or 15 more than are necessary to elect.

STATES LIKELY TO VOTE FOR TILDEN.

California	6	New Hampshire	5
Florida	4	South Carolina	7
Total			22

Certain States 185
Probable States 22
Grand total for Tilden 207

STATES CERTAIN TO VOTE FOR HAYES.

Iowa	11	Nevada	3
Kansas	5	Ohio	22
Maine	7	Rhode Island	4
Minnesota	5	Vermont	5
Nebraska	3		
Total			68

STATES LIKELY TO VOTE FOR HAYES.

Colorado	3	Michigan	11
Illinois	21	Wisconsin	10
Massachusetts	13		
Total			68

Certain States 68
Probable states 68
Grand total for Hayes 136
Or 62 lower than are necessary to elect.

DOUBTFUL.

Pennsylvania	29

SUMMARY.

Grand total for Tilden	207
Grand total for Hayes	136
Tilden's majority	71
Less possible vote of Pennsylvania	29
Tilden's sure majority	42

This is just the way the case stands since the result of Tuesday's elections has become known. It leaves Tilden's success about as certain as Frank Pierce's was after the elections of October, 1852. We have no longer any doubt of the complete triumph of the Reform party. But it will not be achieved without an earnest struggle.

The party of corruption will die hard. The possession of power will only be surrendered after desperate fighting. In the State of New York especially, the combat will be most intense and incessant from this day forth, until the election of Tuesday, Nov. 7. Every trick and device will be resorted to by the men in office to save themselves from the dire necessity of seeking a new occupation. But no trick and no device, however cunning or however audacious, can overcome the will of the people to have a change, and to turn out the Grants, Robesons, Chandlers, Blaines, Babcocks, Fishers, Shepherds, and all the banditti who for the last seven years have disgraced or plundered the country.

THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES.

PRESS COMMENTS.

New York Herald (*Ind.*)—If the Democrats mean to win they have now an opportunity; but they must put their statesmen to the front and speak out. Fortunately for them the brunt of their canvass falls on New York and other Eastern States, where sound principles prevail and can get a hearing.

New York Sun (*Ind. Dem.*)—With Indiana and West Virginia going Democratic and Ohio Republican, the Democrats have obtained all that they expected in this contest, while, on the other hand, with Indiana lost to them, the Republicans have certainly got the worst of the battle in this sharp struggle.

New York Graphic (*Ind. Rep.*)—The people are tired of it. Stories of Southern indignities to the blacks however authentic they may be, smell of the outrage mill. Traitor, rebel and Confederate have ceased to scare or excite the old passions.

Albany Argus (*Dem.*)—Tilden and Reform—Hendricks and Reunion! By these signs we conquer. The skies are bright with promise.

Rochester Union (*Dem.*)—The Republican leaders will now probably concentrate all their efforts upon New York. But it will be of no use. They have spent their strength, which from this time forth will be on the wane.

Philadelphia Times (*Ind.*)—Hayes is certified to the country for November enfeebled by his faithful Republican lines, while Hendricks is presented to the nation green with the laurels of a substantial victory wrested from the very desperation of power.

Philadelphia Inquirer (*Rep.*)—Ohio's majority is 15,000 less than it should have been, and Indiana's—well the less said about Indiana's majority the better.

Harrisburg Patriot (*Dem.*)—The result in Ohio and Indiana proves that the election of Samuel J. Tilden is among the certainties with an earnest and resolute effort.

Boston Post (*Dem.*)—It is a great victory. A victory of the right over the wrong, of honesty over corruption, of the people over the ring that would rule them. It dooms the Republican organization, because it dared not cut out that cancer, called Grantism, which was consuming its life.

New Haven Register (*Dem.*)—The loss of Indiana to the Republicans renders Hayes's chance for the succession a hopeless one.

Bridgeport (*Conn.*) *Farmer* (*Dem.*)—With Indiana and West Virginia Democratic, the election of Governor Tilden is assured and beyond doubt. He could have been elected without Indiana, but with that State Democratic certainty becomes doubly sure.

Patterson (*N. J.*) *Guardian* (*Dem.*)—The October State elections have demonstrated that the American people cannot be bought with their own money, wheedled by corruption and fraud on the part of their temporary rulers. Thank God for that!

Indianapolis Sentinel (*Dem.*)—Hence forth the bloody shirt will be a blank in our politics. It is our duty to live in charity with all men. In the great State of Indiana the battle is over, the victory decisive and the enemy is ours. Neither spite nor invective nor ridicule has been able to move the masses from their just victorious determination. We have gallantly fought the battle of the national contest, and it may fairly be considered as settled. The State is safe and the nation saved.

POST THE BOOKS!

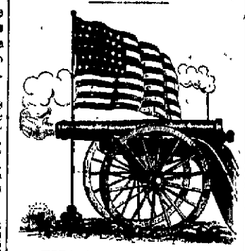
The states that have held elections during the present year have voted as follows: Democratic—Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Oregon, Texas, and West Virginia, casting in all 70 electoral votes; Republican—Maine, New Hampshire, Ohio, Rhode Island, and Vermont, casting in all 43 electoral votes. Colorado is still in doubt, with the chances in favor of the Democrats. It will be seen that our Uncle Samuel has the start of Mr. Hayes by 30 electoral votes. On the popular vote the Democratic majority in the 15 states that have voted this year is about 215,000. This will do for a beginning.

ALL the monopolies with which our distressed people are burthened are the outgrowth of Republican rule. The Republican party has never abated a monopoly. The Democratic party has never created one. The Republican party always multiplies legislation. The Democratic party persistently removes bad laws from the statute book.

BEN. BUTLER in his speech at Andover, Mass, on the 13th inst. said: "The elections of the past week show that there is to be a contest of the most determined character; a contest which is doubtful. I say it frankly, Mr. Tilden's election is not impossible; nay, not improbable."

Glory in October!

NOW FOR NOVEMBER!



INDIANA SAFE!

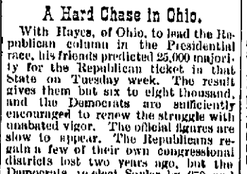
And the Country Safe!

Democratic Majority for Governor 5,404—For Congressman 7,000—For School Superintendent 10,000.

Official returns from all the counties in Indiana give Williams, Democrat, 5,404 majority.

On Congressmen the Democrats have a total majority of about 7,000, while the candidate for superintendent of public instruction is re-elected by about 10,000 majority. The rest of the Democratic state ticket has between 7,000 and 8,000 majority.

MANIPULATING CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.—The returns from the congressional election in Indiana show how effectually the Republican Legislature of that State in arranging the districts has succeeded in stifling the popular will. The returns show that in the four districts carried by the Democrats their majority aggregates 18,725, whilst the nine districts carried by the Republicans give only an aggregate majority of 12,639, giving the Democrats a majority in the State on the congressional vote of 6,189, despite the fact that they secured less than one third of the congressmen. The Indianapolis *Sentinel* makes the point that under the present apportionment laws of Indiana the Democrats must have a majority of 17,000 of the popular vote in order to control the Legislature and have a majority of the congressmen. This is not only unjust, but it is anti-republican, though accomplished by those who presume to call themselves Republicans.—*Balt. Sun.*



A Hard Chase in Ohio.

With Hayes, of Ohio, to lead the Republican column in the Presidential race, his friends predicted 25,000 majority for the Republican ticket in that State on Tuesday week. The result gives them but six to eight thousand, and the Democrats are sufficiently encouraged to renew the struggle with unabated vigor. The official figures are slow to appear. The Republicans regain few of their own congressional districts lost two years ago, but the Democrats re-elect Sayler by 670 and Banning by 75 majority, greatly to the mortification of Hayes and his adherents.

Great Democratic Victory in West Virginia!

The Democracy have carried West Virginia by 12,000, if not 15,000 majority! The Legislature will be largely Democratic, insuring two Democratic United States Senators! The thunder is extending all around the sky. As the Lancaster *Intelligencer* remarks:

The significance of the overwhelming Democratic victory in West Virginia can best be appreciated when it is remembered that a few weeks ago Zach. Chandler was claiming the state as certain for the Republicans. Like many other states recently admitted to the "galaxy," it was created with the hope that it could be handled so as to aid in maintaining the ascendency of the Republicans in the United States Senate, and during the first five years of its existence it went so uniformly Republican by majorities ranging from 4,717 to 25,767 that there was reason to fear that it would maintain itself as a Republican state. The following figures are the majorities by which the Republicans have carried it:

1863	25,767
1864	12,714
1866	9,644
1867	4,717
1868	8,719

In October, 1872, the Democrats were beaten by a coalition of Independents and Republicans by a majority of 2,538, and Grant carried the state by 2,142. In the deluge of 1874 the aggregate of the majorities for Democratic candidates for Congress was 8,940, but this was regarded as extraordinary and hardly to be repeated. So there was little comfort for the Democracy in the figures of the past, and if West Virginia was to be carried it must be done on the real merits of the Democratic cause. There the people were not likely to themselves. The efforts of the Democrats from other states were concentrated upon Indiana and Ohio, and most of the influence of the administration had to be directed thither to stem the popular tide setting in against Hayes. West Virginia was therefore an excellent indication of popular sentiment, and the fact that it has gone Democratic is pregnant with great meaning. Apart from Indiana and Ohio the result in West Virginia is highly auspicious, and every Democrat's heart should be cheered by it.

COLORADO.

The *Times* says: Colorado finally quivers in the political scales on her state officers, although the legislature is undoubtedly Republican, which secures two United States Senators and the three electors for Hayes and Wheeler. It is probably an even chance for the Republicans and Democrats on governor and congress, and only the official returns will decide it. It is fortunate for Hayes that the three electors of Colorado have not to run the gauntlet of a popular election in November, for the political atmosphere from Indiana would be likely to strangle the virgin commonwealth in her first vote for a national ruler.

THE Republicans are sad, and well may they be so. After a fierce struggle, they have barely got Ohio in doubt, and stand a good chance of losing it in November; while Indiana, which they crowded with speakers, and on which they lavished the money wrung from the officeholders, is lost to them now, and will be against them next month with a still more decisive majority; and West Virginia forcibly declares its detestation of the men and ways of their party. The Republicans can hence forth, until the Presidential election, wage only a half-hearted fight. Their western struggle was in vain, and they cannot renew it.—*N. Y. Sun.*

GEN. DIX said he should "regard the success of Tilden as one of the greatest calamities that can befall us." He thought the same thing two years ago, when Tilden buried him under 50,000 majority in New York.

FORCE the fighting in Pennsylvania! Seven hundred fraudulent Republican registrations were stricken off in Philadelphia on Thursday. A loss of 700 for Hayes.

CONGRATULATION!

The National Democratic Committee to the Voters of the United States.

FELLOW CITIZENS: We congratulate you as patriots, as partakers with us in the common destiny of American freemen, upon the results of the October State elections. We rejoice in the victory which the people's ballots have bestowed upon the friends of reform, in the valley of the Ohio, where the Republican hosts had an overwhelming ascendency in every Presidential election since 1855. We rejoice in the assurance these elections convey that your ballots will bestow decisive majorities in the allied forces of Democracy and Reform in the November elections throughout the Union. But we rejoice not as partisans; we rejoice with you as fellow citizens.

And when the decision of this week of one million voters along the valley of the Ohio shall be ratified next month, by the list of eight million voters throughout the whole republic, we shall still rejoice, chiefly for the reason that not one of its citizens can miss of an equal share with us who are Democrats, in the political peace and good will which will then and there be established among all sections, races, classes, and conditions of men, and in the prosperity of which political peace, based on equal rights and fraternal good will, is the first condition.

Upon the three States of West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana, were concentrated all the influence of the Administration, all their efforts, and all the vast sums of money forced from the one hundred thousand officeholders of the party in power.

These were fearful odds, not again to be contended against so concentrated, for in the November elections the contest will be in every one of thirty eight States upon the same day.

Nevertheless, against these odds the Democrats and Reformers of West Virginia and Indiana have been victorious, and in Ohio they have all but rescued a State hitherto deemed hopeless, and have created an assurance of victory in November.

If it falls to our lot as a National Democratic Committee to congratulate the people of the Union upon this victory in the first battle of the reform campaign, it is only because Democrats have been honored to be the leaders of the people in the work of national regeneration.

The victory won, the victory still to be won, will be a deliverance as much to Republicans as to Democrats.

The patriotic masses of the Republican party have at last branded that the misdeeds of their unworthy leaders have been rebuked and are to be arrested. The suffering millions of the South may lift up their heads to greet the dawn of a better day for them, as well as the nation at large. The colored citizens may share the general joy that he will soon cease to be the stock in trade of corrupt politicians, but shall enjoy his rightful liberties and his equality before the law amid universal good will.

As for the Reform Democracy, to whose standard victory has been tied, with all her garlands on, it only remains for them to welcome every ally, every friend, close up the ranks and press on, shoulder to shoulder, under the banner and with the one watchword, Reform.

Fellow citizens, peace between all sections; prosperity to all our homes; to those you have been for years deprived by the mistaken solicitudes of patriotic Republicans, played upon by selfish and corrupt leaders, who have kept fanning the dying embers of civil strife in order to secure the suspicions of the trusts which they have betrayed.

For eleven years you have had the name of peace. At no time have you had the substance of peace. In lieu thereof you have had the grinding taxation and wasteful expenditure of war. Just before every election every year you have had the preaching of a new crusade against a section utterly defeated in war, and anxious only to be completely reconciled in peace.

For eleven years the power of the men who have seized away the control of their party from the hands of its statesmen and founders has been supreme in almost every department of the Federal Government.

Discarding the hope of prolonging their domination by beneficent public measures, they have created and trafficked upon public calamities. The policy they adopted has been worked out. Its failure has been absolute.

In place of past performances these same corrupt and selfish leaders now proffer promises already broken as their titles to further trust.

Having postrated our manifold industries by the vast aggregates and the worst methods of Federal taxation, they now again solicit your confidence as the instruments of retrenchment and reform.

Having debauched the public service, and having just now, in the face of open day, assessed their army of a hundred thousand officeholders—the people's servants—against the people's taxes—in order to create immense corruption funds to frustrate the people's will, they now profess to be the champions of civil service reform. Having imposed upon the Southern States the rapacity, fraud, and plunder of the carpet-bag governments, having almost ruined the property of the North by destroying the prosperity of the South, having created terror, uncertainty, and confusion in all the productive industries of the South, which furnish most of the exports of our whole country, keep in motion the commerce and manufactories of the North and East, and furnish a market for the agricultural products of the West, they now propose, by renewal of the same fatal policy, to prolong their ascendency in the hope of concealing their misdeeds, and for this purpose they do not hesitate to renew the cry of intolerance; to revive the dying memories of fraternal strife, and to appeal to the fears and prejudices of the timid and the ignorant.

Fellow citizens, these men and their measures have been completely tried and have completely failed. An oppressive taxation, an exhausted South, an impoverished North, a fluctuating currency, the enterprise of an industrious people locked fast in the paralysis of hard times—such is the outcome of their political policy, such are the achievements of their long supremacy. Your ballots in November can alone dictate a change of measures and a change of men. Shall not the uprising of patriotism along the valley of the Ohio go on to a complete and beneficial revolution in the administration of the Government of the United States? Will you not, by the voice of overwhelming majorities at the polls, proclaim your invincible faith, after all these years of corruption and passion, in the high immortal principles of government by the people for the people, in simple honesty and strict economy, as the supreme wisdom of public policy, in justice as the mother of power, and in civil freedom as the be-all and the end-all of a true Republican nationality?

Will you not build up a new prosperity for all the people on the old foundations of American self-government, on peace, reconciliation, and fraternity between all classes, and all races embraced within our system of American commonwealths; on the frugality and economy in all governments; on honesty and purity of administration, and having lost by corrupt prosperity through governmental misrule, regain that prosperity through governmental reform? We commit this great issue to the intelligence and conscience of the American people, with an unfaltering trust in the wisdom and justice of their decision.

By order of the National Democratic Committee.

ABRAM S. HEWITT, Chairman.
FREDERICK O. PRINCE, Secretary.
NEW YORK, Oct. 13, 1876.

MR. CARL SCHURZ may as well at once retire from the canvass. His German countrymen pay no heed to his words, and he is distrusted even by the Republicans who hire him to speak in their behalf.

MACHINERY.—Messrs. Newton M. Horner, John H. Rittenspurger and William Gulden have leased the Wible Warehouse, adjoining J. W. Geese, on the Railroad, Gettysburg, where they have on hand for sale all kinds of Agricultural Machinery, such as Reapers and Mowers, Grain Drills, Winnowing Mills, Ploughs, &c.—in short, anything a farmer may ask for. Also Ground Plaster for sale. All articles guaranteed to give full satisfaction, and sold at small profits.

April 29, 1876. tf

JUST received, a large assortment of Paperies, Note, Legal Cap, Sermon, and Letter Papers, Envelopes and Blank Books, at G. H. Barker's. Aug. 17. tf

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

LOOK out for "The Hexmakers."

Now is the time to gather autumn leaves. For directions see our fourth page.

FARMERS having finished "seeding," the work of "corn husking" now goes on.

FIRST SNOW.—There was snow enough to track a rabbit in the South Mountain on Sunday.

DANIEL BARNHZ, of Conewago twp, is erecting a fine two-story brick dwelling on his farm.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON, of this place, are publishers of the new Methodist church at Littlestown.

THE Livery of Flaherty & Allison, in this place, will be sold at public sale on the 31st instant. See advertisement.

GRAPES can be kept fresh many weeks in a cool, dry place. Enjoy them while you may, and laugh at the doctors.

THE Conestoga Excursion on Tuesday morning took 320 people from this station, 11 from Granite and 49 from New Oxford. Seventeen well-filled cars left Hanover.

THE 31st day of October is Reformation Day among the Lutherans. The synod at its last session at Columbia resolved that a centennial sermon be preached from each pulpit.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, Mr. McCleskey, of Butler tp, whilst drilling in his wheat, had his hand so severely injured that one of the fingers had to be amputated—the operation being performed by Dr. T. E. Tate.

DIED.—We state with regret that young Winfield Sweitzer, of Fairfield, died on Sunday, just one week after the amputation of his arm. Mortification set in, and all the skill of the physicians was ineffectual to save his life.

A THIEF entered the premises of Dr. Detler, of Waynesboro', a few nights since, and carried away a ham, but in his haste to get the meat he left his false teeth behind. And now the doctor wants him to bring back the ham and get the teeth.

AT the coming November election two slips or tickets will be voted—one containing the names of the Presidential Electors, and the other the county ticket, embracing Congress, Senator, Members of Assembly, Director of the Poor, Jury Commissioner and Coroner.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday evening, Oct. 7, in Lower Allen township, Cumberland county, a son of William Miller, aged nearly two years, fell from a chair and broke his left arm. Dr. J. W. Trimmer was called in and gave the case the necessary surgical attention, and the boy is doing well.

THE Concert for the benefit of the Brunswick yellow fever sufferers, in Agricultural Hall, on Tuesday evening, proved a success in every way. The attendance was good beyond expectation, and the performance elicited applause from the beginning to the close. It was among the best amateur exhibitions ever witnessed in Agricultural Hall.

HON. LEVI MAISH addressed an immense Democratic meeting in Allegheny on Thursday evening. The Post says: "Col. Maish was happy both in his manner and in the application of truths presented. His speech elicited enthusiastic applause, the audience being in a peculiarly good humor over the news received from Tuesday's work."

COURT, on Monday, appointed Jesse M. Walter, William J. Martin and Wm. C. Stallsmith viewers on a site for a bridge across Willoughby's Run, on the Mummasburg road; appointed James Watson guardian of the minor children of John Watson, deceased; and granted orders for the sale of the real estate of Jacob Weaver, deceased, and Mary Ann Stouffer, deceased.

CIDER MAKING.—Mr. Henry Wilhelm, of Franklin township, informs us that on Friday last Mr. Henry Rullensperger brought a load of apples to his press, 130 bushels, which made 525 gallons of cider, and not a drop of water was used.

Two years ago, at the same press, fifty-five barrels of cider were made in one day, and not one of them held less than forty gallons.

PATRONIZE, general reader! The overshadowing importance of the Presidential campaign is our excuse for devoting so much space to politics, and the large circulation of THE COMPILER will bring in the sales and other advertising. In a few weeks the case will be different, and the general reader will again have the pleasant variety for which this journal has become so well and widely known.

FRUIT CANNING.—H. C. Peters & Son, at York Springs, this county, have just closed a very active fruit-canning season. At one time, whilst the peaches were ripe, they had about ninety women and ten or a dozen men employed. The following is the work of the season: Peaches, 45,000 qts; cherries, 4,000 qts; corn, 2,000 qts; green grapes, 1,000 qts; pears, 5,000 qts; tomatoes, 8,000 qts; blackberries, 1,000 qts; peach butter, 1,000 qts; quinces, 1,000 qts, or in all 65,000 qts. They are shipped east and west.

PROPERTY SALES.—A portion of the real estate of the late Joseph P. McDivit, deceased, in Liberty township, was sold recently by the Administrators, as follows: The mill with 23 acres of land to Adam H. Eyler, at $4,000; a mountain lot of 11 acres to David Gamble at $18 40 per acre; 10 acres to George Rill, at $14 per acre; and 11 acres to Samuel G. Ohler at $15 per acre.

The home property of Abraham Spangler, deceased, on the Chambersburg turnpike, has been purchased by Levi Spangler at $3,725.

The Guynn farm, 72 acres, below the National Cemetery, was bought on Saturday by Basil Biggs at $1,500.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—Sheriff Spangler, on Saturday last, sold the following real estate: House and lot of Elijah Stouffer, in Beechcrville, to Philip H. Bittinger, at $35. There was a notice of ownership by the wife. Property of John E. Baker, four tracts, in Hamiltonban township, to Augustus Baker, at $128.

Property of Eve Ann and Ephraim Shafer, in Latimore township, to Elizabeth Gardner, at $70.

Property of F. N. W. Bowers in York Springs to J. B. Myers at $1,350, and 32 acres in Huntington township to Hon. I. E. Wierman at $169.

The Railroad Hotel in Littlestown and the Harmon properties were withdrawn.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY!—A handsome turn out of the friends of Tilden and Hendricks responded to the call for a meeting at the Globe Inn on Monday evening. The Democratic martial band was on hand in full force, and waked up the echoes in old-time stirring style. Wm. T. Zeigler was called to the Chair; I. A. Church, Lewis Kummerant and Lewis Myers Vice Presidents; and Dr. W. E. Naylor Secretary. Speeches congratulating the people upon the handsome results of the October States, and the brilliant promise for Tilden and Hendricks in the November contest, were made by J. C. Neely, Esq., W. A. Duncan, Esq., and H. J. Stahle, all received with enthusiasm. In order the letter to work that we may win, it was resolved to have meetings weekly, to be called by the chairman. The rally adjourned in excellent spirits.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

—New York has 20,000 newsboys.

—Schurz talked at Cleveland and Cincinnati—Democratic gain five thousand.

—It costs $125 per night to illuminate the centennial main building.

—If you want custom, invite it. Advertise.

—Every member of Lincoln's cabinet now living except one, is for Tilden and Hendricks.

—We send a hundred million pounds of cheese a year to England.

—Large shipments of apples are being made to England, where the fruit crop this season is poor.

—The receipts for admissions to the Huntingdon county fair amounted to the munificent sum of forty-eight dollars. This seems to be sic "all year" for fairs.

—Bob Ingersoll was born in Dresden, N. Y., in 1833, the son of a Congregational minister. He was baptized in a cattle theatre. When he was a Democratic candidate for Congress he wished that God Almighty might, if he supported a certain measure, dash him to hell with his thunderbolts. Soon after he joined the Republican party and turned infidel.

—One of the largest droves of cattle ever seen in any place was driven from Texas a few weeks ago from Capt. King's ranch, Nueces county, to Kansas. The herd numbered 10,000 horned cattle, and was attended by 700 drivers. The outfit alone cost $55,000, and the herd brought $320,000.

—Who appointed Longstreet and Mosby to office? The party that is afraid of the "Solid South." Bah!

—Vote for a change; vote for genuine reform; vote for better times; vote for employment; vote to drive the thieves from office; vote for honest men; vote for bread for your children; vote for Tilden.

—The New York Times has turned its fire upon Gen. McClellan, because the latter has been making speeches for Tilden and Hendricks. But "Little Mac" can you easily stand the pellets from such popguns as the Times.

—Indiana gives Tilden a receipt in full for his income tax, but Ohio is not so clear about Hayes' return of those Alderney cows.

—A catfish weighing 120 pounds was recently caught in the canal at Port Deposit.

—The steamboat Southern Belle was burned on the Mississippi river, near Plaquemine, La., about two o'clock on Tuesday morning. Several lives were lost. The boat had a large cargo of cotton.

—You cannot set a duck on goose eggs and hatch anything but goslings. Nonsense of shoddy, or of entreaty, or of eulogies on the duck will alter the result. You cannot set Hayes on the eggs of Grantism and produce anything but a brood of corruption; and it's no use trying.

—Bishop Levi Scott, of Dover, Del., by right of seniority, becomes the Presiding Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in place of Bishop Janes, deceased. He was elected in 1852.

—Democrats, don't throw your votes away on Peter Cooper. Stand true to our real nominees. Now is our opportunity. Don't neglect to take advantage of it.

—Judge Mackey, a South Carolina Republican, who supports Hampton in the campaign, said on the stump the other day that, by fair and legal figures, he was prepared to show that the stealings of the last eight years would be amply sufficient, without the collection of a cent of taxes, to run the State government for as many years in the future.

—In the celebrated Singer will case Mrs. Mary Ann Foster has consented to compromise her claim for a cash payment of $75,000 out of the estate.

—The Girard estate yields the city of Philadelphia a thousand dollars a day, which is a very comfortable income.

—The monument in honor of Moses Taberacle, in Chicago, are daily increasing in attendance and interest.

—Charlie Ross is now supposed to be concealed somewhere in the neighborhood of Wrightsville or Columbia.

—On Thursday morning three boilers in the Iron mills of Zug & Co., Pittsburgh, exploded with terrific force, destroying the building and machinery to a large extent, and causing a frightful loss of life and maiming of others. Seven persons were killed, and twenty-nine injured, some probably fatally. The mill had been idle for some months, owing to the failure of Mr. Zug, but had been purchased and put in operation a few weeks ago by Mr. Anthony Keating and others. The loss is estimated at from $150,000 to $200,000.

—Eleven Molly Maguires are now all ready to be hanged, and are only waiting formalities.

—Gen. Newton, the Hell Gate exploitist, is for Tilden.

—The people of Indiana repudiate Blaine and Colfax, legislative jobbery, sham sunstrokes, lying, and gross fraud.

—The "Rebel Yell" troubles Col. Forney, and yet the yells of his friends all over the land fail to bring any response from him in regard to that $25,000.

—A Missouri man has a bull-frog farm of 230 acres.

—The Indiana State fair this year lost $8,000.

—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, of New York, has a call from Plymouth Church, Chicago, and will probably accept.

—The Herald refers to Bob Ingersoll as "a Republican speaker who is doing a good deal to make sensible men vote the Democratic ticket all over the country."

THE Ladies' Fair for the benefit of St. Francis Xavier's Church, last week, proved a wonderful success. Notwithstanding the hard times and scarcity of money, the gross receipts footed up $1,200, and the amount cleared above all expenses $1,061. The ladies had spared no pains to make the Fair attractive, and the large attendance every evening attested the good taste and judgment displayed. The supper, which wound up the week, was excellent, and drew full tables for several hours. The music discoursed nightly by the Gettysburg Cornet Band and Gettysburg Orchestra contributed largely to the life and pleasure of the Fair, and all connected with it have reason to congratulate themselves upon the general success.

THANKS.—The undersigned, Pastor of St. Francis Xavier's Church of this place, here by offers his heartfelt thanks to the citizens of all classes in Gettysburg and vicinity for so nobly and so generously aiding him with their contributions at the Ladies' Fair last week. The amount realized reached the handsome sum of $1,061, clear of all expenses. Such an evidence of kind feeling in this town is fully appreciated, and in turn calls forth the deepest feelings of gratitude from their obedient servant, JOS. A. BOLE.

THE Senatorial Conference met again at the public house of Mr. Reel, at York Springs, on Thursday last. The conferees from Cumberland were Messrs. J. K. Foreman, L. T. Greenfield and B. K. Goodyear; from Adams, Messrs. H. A. Picking, R. W. Brown and J. Jeff Myers. There seeming to be no prospect of the conferees agreeing upon a candidate, Adams county proposed to refer the matter to the chairman of the State Central Committee and the chairmen of the Cumberland and Adams county committees, and a resolution to that effect was offered. Col. Chestnut's conferees opposed this, and it was lost by a tie vote. Therefore, the Adams county conferees, having exhausted every effort, returned home.

—We understand that the chairmen of the two county committees will meet the chairman of the State committee at Harrisburg to-morrow with a view to an adjustment of the difficulty.

A REPUBLICAN LAMENT

A LONG WAY AFTER TENNYSON.

Break, break, I rock,
O gently break the news,
That Indiana's totally lost
And Ohio doesn't enthuse.
O, well for the rhythmic man
That he commits up his gains;
And well for the Governor good
That he sings as he does his pains.
And still the returns come in—
And the districts to hear from appal;
But, O, for the Hurt of a bloated war,
And the voice of Bob Ingersoll!
Break, break, break,
Break gently the news to us,
Albeit though October is half enough,
November will be worse.

CAN'T COUGH!—COUGH!—COUGH!—For want of room, P. F. Delik is selling off his entire stock of Ladies' Dress Goods, consisting of Cashmere Cloth, Alpacas, Imperial Cloths, Waterproofs, &c., &c.; also Beaver Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jeans, and all other gentlemen's piece goods, at cost. Now for bargains at Delik's new store, Chambersburg street. Oct. 19. 2t

CURE that Cough and Cold! Dr. Tyler's COUGH CANDY and LUNG SYRUP will cure every cough and cold. It does not dry up a cold, but is healing, and relieves the worst hacking cough of consumption. By sending E. H. Mumigh, Gettysburg, Pa., Ten cents you will receive a sample by mail free of charge. Oct. 19, '76. tf

For the Compiler.

MR. EDITOR: BUCHANAN VALLEY has now two hickory poles with Democratic flags floating in the breeze, and the friends of the good old cause are alive to the duties of this important campaign. "Tilden, Hendricks and the whole Democratic Ticket" is our motto. We believe our principles to be right, and those of the Republicans wrong. And as our candidates stand by our principles, we will stand by them—stand by those who when elected will support what will be right and just. The Republican candidates, if elected, would vote for every measure opposed to the Democracy. Therefore to sustain our principles it is a duty to vote for our own men—"a clean sheet," from top to bottom. DEMOCRAT.

GREAT REDUCTION in the prices of Ready-made Clothing at Delik's. 2t

KEEP THE EYES COOL.—All discomfort from the heated condition of the light as it passes through the Spectacles to the eye, is avoided in using the "Diamond Spectacles," the temperature of which is lower than that of the atmosphere. Trade-mark, a small diamond, on every pair.

For sale in Gettysburg by A. L. Felbel. It

DOCTOR, IT FEELS LIKE A BALL OF FIRE!!

So speaks oftentimes the sufferer from dyspepsia. After eating, it seems as if there was a veritable ball of fire running up and down through his stomach. If he eats much he feels it; if he don't eat much he feels it. It destroys his enjoyment of life. If the doctor be really desirous of curing his patient he should not experiment with the sufferer, he should recommend him to use Peruvian Syrup, whose merits have been tested so long, and always satisfactorily

NEW STORE!

Just Opened in Chambersburg St.

The Largest, Best and Cheapest Stock Ever Offered in Gettysburg.

P. F. DELIK

[illegible]

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES OF ALL KINDS, SPRING WAGONS,

[illegible]

Horses, Yoke and Harness.

HATS AND CAPS;

[illegible]

Alpacas, Cheap LAWNS, Calicoes, such as Merrimacks, Simpsons, Allens, Mills, Cocheco, Lancasters, Glenarie, Hamilton, Pacific, Lenox Table Cloths, Napkins to Match, Linen Towels, Towelings, &c.

The business heretofore conducted by me will be found under my name, and I will be pleased to see my friends and customers at the old stand, where I will be found at all times, ready to wait on them.

P. FIDELIK.

Gettysburg, Sept. 1, 1876.

W. H. Tipton & Co.,

NO. 5, YORK ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

[illegible]

Paintings, Chromos, Artist's Materials to Photographs and Engravings

[illegible]

GOLD AND VARNISH SIGNS.

GRAND WINTER SCENES,

ELEGANT FIGURE PIECES, BEAUTIFUL FRUIT & FLOWER STUDIES, FASCINATING HUMOROUS SUBJECTS,

[illegible]

Religious, Historical and Sentimental.

Also, a large lot of Cheap Oil and Lithographs, Cheap for Cash.

[illegible]

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.

[illegible]

LOOK HERE!

Bonnaville Carriage Factory.

H. W. C. BUPP,

[illegible]

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES OF ALL KINDS, SPRING WAGONS,

[illegible]

Carriage Trimmings of all kinds.

[illegible]

LOOK HERE!

Hanock & Hollebaugh

[illegible]

BUGGIES,

PARING HORSES AND SHOES.

CARRIAGES, JAGGERS,

[illegible]

Blacksmithing in General.

[illegible]

How to Obtain a Patent.

[illegible]

CHARLES H. FOWLER,

[illegible]

American and Foreign Patents.

[illegible]

BANKRUPT SALE

[illegible]

A FARM AND HOME

[illegible]

FREE PASSES TO LAND BUYERS.

[illegible]

J. HANEY,

[illegible]

HUMAN HAIR,

[illegible]

LOOK HERE!

Farmers and Everybody

LOOK HERE

[illegible]

BROOM-MAKING.

[illegible]

Gettysburg Compiler.

HATS, HATS, HATS—in elegant selection, of great variety, to be had at Eckert's

Cor. Baltimore and Franklin sts Gettysburg, Mar.

PEREMPTORY SALE

ON SALE, Saturday morning, November 4th, 1876, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, on GEORGE STREET, in Gettysburg, the following valuable Real Estate, viz:

Twenty Thousand Acres,

in the same mass or lots, and bounded by lands of JOHN FEAGAN, ALEXANDER MASON (Black Rock and Mummasburg), Stone House, Office Farm and Mill Mill, Brickkiln, Sawmill, Cornfield Swamp, Two Dwelling Houses, Two Barns, Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Hog Pens, Hen Coop, Hog Trough, Well and Pump, Cistern, Cellar, Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c., and which lands are warranted and safe, well and thoroughly timbered, and are known and by the name and quantities following, viz:

[illegible]

Twenty Acres of Land in Cumberland Township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Gettysburg to Fairfield, adjoining lands of John Hoffman, Jacob Sentzer, Leonard Taylor and others, and containing about 20 ACRES, in the Estate of Jacob Myers, late of said county, deceased.

[illegible]

Twenty Acres of Land in Cumberland Township, in the county of Cumberland, bounded by lands of Jacob Myers, Daniel Kuhn, John Hoffman, Jacob Sentzer, Leonard Taylor and others, and containing about 20 ACRES, in the Estate of Jacob Myers, late of said county, deceased.

[illegible]

Twenty Acres of Land in Cumberland Township, in the county of Cumberland, bounded by lands of Jacob Myers, Daniel Kuhn, John Hoffman, Jacob Sentzer, Leonard Taylor and others, and containing about 20 ACRES, in the Estate of Jacob Myers, late of said county, deceased.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

New Advertisements.

[illegible]

MASTER'S SALE.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

Register's Notices.

[illegible]

Administrators' Notice.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE.

[illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ON FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10th, 1876, by virtue of a writ of Vendition Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, and to me directed, I will expose to sale at the Court House in the Borough of Carlisle, on the above day, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, viz:

THE FARM OF THE PINE GROVE IRON WORKS (SPRING FORGE), situate in the township of Dickinson and county aforesaid, containing 229 ACRES, more or less, bounded by lands of Jacob Eberly, Thomas Blackwood, Hugh Nelson, William Johnson, George Hoover and others, and adjoining about 220 ACRES, in the Estate of the late proprietors of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with an Out Kitchen and Spring House, a new Bank Barn, one of the best in the county, Wagon Sheds and Corn Cribs, Carriage House, Hog Pen, Blacksmith Shop, Water Power and Stable, and other outbuildings; an excellent well of water at the house, and a running fountain at the barn; a fine Apple orchard, in full bearing condition, with plenty of fruit of other kinds. There is a fine site for a Saw Mill on the Creek, with good water power.

The timber consists of Timber on the Creek, which will be allotted in lots on the property, will be sold together, as follows, viz:

[illegible]

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL SHAPPELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, Oct. 19, 1876.

A LARGE FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 28th day of OCTOBER, 1876, the undersigned, Assignee of LAURENS T. HEMPHILL and WIFE, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, THE FARM of said Laurens T. Hemphill and wife, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., on the public road leading from Cashtown to Gettysburg, adjoining lands of John Hoffman, Jacob Sentzer, Leonard Taylor and others, and containing about 220 ACRES, in the Estate of the late proprietors of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with an Out Kitchen and Spring House, a new Bank Barn, one of the best in the county, Wagon Sheds and Corn Cribs, Carriage House, Hog Pen, Blacksmith Shop, Water Power and Stable, and other outbuildings; an excellent well of water at the house, and a running fountain at the barn; a fine Apple orchard, in full bearing condition, with plenty of fruit of other kinds. There is a fine site for a Saw Mill on the Creek, with good water power.

The timber consists of Timber on the Creek, which will be allotted in lots on the property, will be sold together, as follows, viz:

[illegible]

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SINGLETON BRIGHT, Assignee.

By the Court—ABRAHAM KING, Clerk.

Oct. 5, 1876. 4s.

PUBLIC SALE!

ON SATURDAY, the 28th day of OCTOBER, 1876, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, the following real estate, viz:

A DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., containing 94 acres, adjoining lands of John Bell, Jacob Sell, James Busselle, Daniel Plank and others, containing 21 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Smoke House, large Fruit and other Trees, Spring Water at the door, and a never-failing Well of water at the door, and a good Orchard with a variety of other fruit; a new rolling mill run in connection with the grist mill, which runs among the buildings, Little Conococheague Creek runs through the farm. There is also plenty of timber on the premises, and about two hundred Peach Trees. The land is in good cultivation, is as fine a farm as any in Highland township, and is a desirable property. Also, at the same time and place, A LOT OF GROUND, with a large Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, with large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other outbuildings, situate in the village of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lots of Jacob Hoover, Jacob Swisher and M. L. Bailey; containing 16 ACRES and 13 PERCHES, more or less, and known as the Mill Property of Jacob Swisher, late of the Borough of Fairfield. Also 14 acres in good Meadow, on the Mill Creek, adjoining lands of Jacob Swisher and others.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MICHAEL HARNISH.

Oct. 12, 1876. 18

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

AT PRIVATE SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following Inventory and Appraisement of the Personal Property of Jacob Myers, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, viz:

[illegible]

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN MUSSER.

Oct. 12, 1876.

A GOOD FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 28th day of OCTOBER, 1876, the undersigned, Agent for Julius Sachse, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, THE FARM of said decedent, situate in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., and adjoining lands of Jacob Myers, Jacob Sell, John Miller, Isaac Sadler and others, containing about 125 ACRES, more or less, of good land, and has thereon erected a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, and other outbuildings, with never-failing Spring of water at the door, and a good Orchard of fruit trees. The land is in good cultivation, is one of the best farms in Highland township, and is a desirable property. Also, at the same time and place, A LOT OF GROUND, with a large Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other outbuildings, situate in the village of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lots of Jacob Hoover, Jacob Swisher and M. L. Bailey; containing 16 ACRES and 13 PERCHES, more or less, and known as the Mill Property of Jacob Swisher, late of the Borough of Fairfield. Also 14 acres in good Meadow, on the Mill Creek, adjoining lands of Jacob Swisher and others.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JULIUS SACHSE, Agent for Julius Sachse.

By the Court—ABRAHAM KING, Clerk.

Oct. 5, 1876. 4s

PUBLIC SALE!

ON SATURDAY, the 28th day of OCTOBER, 1876, the undersigned, Assignee of Benjamin F. Beamer and Wife, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, THE FARM of said assignors, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., on the public road leading from Cashtown to Gettysburg, adjoining lands of John Hoffman, Jacob Sentzer, Leonard Taylor and others, and containing about 220 ACRES, in the Estate of the late proprietors of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with an Out Kitchen and Spring House, a new Bank Barn, one of the best in the county, Wagon Sheds and Corn Cribs, Carriage House, Hog Pen, Blacksmith Shop, Water Power and Stable, and other outbuildings; an excellent well of water at the house, and a running fountain at the barn; a fine Apple orchard, in full bearing condition, with plenty of fruit of other kinds. There is a fine site for a Saw Mill on the Creek, with good water power.

The timber consists of Timber on the Creek, which will be allotted in lots on the property, will be sold together, as follows, viz:

[illegible]

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ABEL J. ROTHROCK, Assignee.

Sept. 21, 1876. 18

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES.

ON SATURDAY, the 28th of OCTOBER, 1876, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz:

A DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., containing 94 acres, adjoining lands of John Bell, Jacob Sell, James Busselle, Daniel Plank and others, containing 21 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Smoke House, large Fruit and other Trees, Spring Water at the door, and a never-failing Well of water at the door, and a good Orchard with a variety of other fruit; a new rolling mill run in connection with the grist mill, which runs among the buildings, Little Conococheague Creek runs through the farm. There is also plenty of timber on the premises, and about two hundred Peach Trees. The land is in good cultivation, is one of the best farms in Highland township, and is a desirable property. Also, at the same time and place, A LOT OF GROUND, with a large Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other outbuildings, situate in the village of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lots of Jacob Hoover, Jacob Swisher and M. L. Bailey; containing 16 ACRES and 13 PERCHES, more or less, and known as the Mill Property of Jacob Swisher, late of the Borough of Fairfield. Also 14 acres in good Meadow, on the Mill Creek, adjoining lands of Jacob Swisher and others.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JULIUS SACHSE, Agent for Julius Sachse.

By the Court—ABRAHAM KING, Clerk.

Oct. 5, 1876. 4s

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL VALUABLE ESTATE!

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Penn., will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, in Union and Germany townships, said county, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of SEPTEMBER, 1876, the following described real estate, viz:

A VALUABLE FARM, situate about one mile from Littlestown, containing 150 ACRES, 80 PERCHES, more or less, improved with a fine new FRAME HOUSE, and all the necessary and desirable out-buildings, such as Spring House, large Bank Barn, and a large

Gettysburg Compiler.

THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1876.

FARM AND HOUSE.

SELECT YOUNG FRUIT TREES.

Three years ago we purchased with others two Baldwins from a well known nursery firm, the age of which may be guessed at from their size, which was eight feet in height and three inches in diameter of stem. They were fine specimens of health and symmetry and were received from the nursery in excellent order, with as much spread of root and fibre as could be transported with safety. They were cut down about half or nearly so—all wounded roots smoothly cut—and planted with extra care. During the first summer the bark and wood of half the stem—that exposed to the south—died. The branches put forth a few leaves and the longest growth did not exceed two inches. The second summer showed an extension of dead wood and bark, and it was evident that the tree would never recover. It was, therefore, dug up and thrown aside.

The stem of the second tree remains sound—though a portion of the remaining top died during the first summer and the other portion made, like the other, but a sickly, insufficient growth. Last summer it recuperated so far that we considered it "out of danger," though its beauty is gone and the word "symmetry" can only be applied to its poor one-sided head in a spirit of miser able carcasm.

Perhaps these two cases ought not to be taken as types of the injudiciousness of selecting large trees for transplanting. We can assure the reader that the experiment suffices for us, and we shall in the future recommend with that emphasis suggested by a thorough concurrence of the teachings of every fruit book and catalogue with personal experience—the selection of *young trees* alone.

As needless, however, as such experiments may seem, and as needless as it proved to have been in the above instance—it is nevertheless a truth that "what everybody says is" not always "true," and that there are some things which "no fellow can find out" except by going it all over again himself.—*Rural New Yorker.*

MULCHING GRASS FOR WINTER.—The importance of this practice, to which we have just alluded, is not generally appreciated. Grazing short in autumn is one of the very worst things that can be done to meadows and pastures. If any farmer will examine in spring such of his fields as have been closely grazed the previous season, he will find the grass slow and feeble in starting; but where a good growth has been left the previous autumn, the new grass will be found pushing strongly, while the grazed portion has hardly started. It is therefore of the utmost importance for early pasturage, that a heavy mass of grass remain to cover the ground in winter. It would be better to feed hay and meal to cattle through October and November, than to destroy the copious pasturage by allowing them to gnaw the plants down to the roots.

Some of the best stock-farmers make it an important point to retain a mass in their pastures a foot or more high for entering winter, or as much as would cut with a mowing machine nearly a ton to the acre. They have early and rich pasturage in spring. The importance of keeping meadows also free from cattle in autumn is obvious.

ARRANGING AUTUMN LEAVES.—The first qualification to success in selecting leaves is a correct taste. The brightly spotted and uniformally marked ones, that strike the eye for their regularity and uncommonness, should by all means be avoided, as disappointment only awaits you when you have done your best to procure them. The leaves which are touched with richness, and are delicately shaded in color from the upper and broader part to the point, or one side, are the most desirable. The leaves of the "soft maple" are best preserved and give more satisfaction than any others which our forests afford in autumn. The leaves should be broken from the tree in twigs, never single. They should be pressed in a book, under a rather heavy weight, for one week, when they can be prepared perfectly for adorning the room by quickly ironing each leaf with a moderately heated flatiron drawn quickly over a piece of beeswax. The leaves will become limp, like wax ones, and retain their beauty during the whole season.

CARE OF HOUSE PLANTS.—A lady in Kansas gives her plan of caring for house plants, as follows: "I live in a frame house, and last winter kept fifty pots of different kinds of geraniums, roses, fuchsias and remontant pinks, all of which received the same kind of treatment, and in the spring my plants were more healthy and the leaves a dark green color. Many came to me for slips in preference to the greenhouses. Every two weeks all the winter I would take a handful of tobacco stems and steep them, by pouring boiling water over them until it looked like strong tea, then, when the tea cooled enough to bear the hand, I poured it over the plants. Sometimes the leaves would wilt for a few moments, and then straighten out and have that bright fresh look they have in summer after a shower. Then I would weaken the tea a little more, and wet the ground in pots, and have no red spider nor green fly."—*Horticulturist.*

CRYSTALIZING GRASSES.—Pulverize one pound of best white alum and dissolve it over a slow fire in a quart of pure soft water; do not let it boil; and be careful to keep everything out of the solution that would possibly stain it; a new earthen bowl is the best dish to heat it in; tie the stems of grasses together and suspend in the liquid when it is about milk warm, and let the whole stand twenty four hours; then remove and dry in the sun five hours.—*Floral Cabinet.*

TOMATO CATSUP.—Cut ripe tomatoes in thin slices, and put them in a tin vessel, with salt between each layer; boil moderately half an hour; strain through a hair sieve, and to every gallon of liquor add three roots of horseradish, an onion sliced, with cloves, grated nutmeg, an ounce of black pepper, a red pepper pod, and an ounce of allspice; boil well, and add a pint of vinegar to the gallon; it is then ready for bottling.

FRIED TOMATOES.—H. L. B., Chicago, sends the following: Take large green tomatoes; cut off both ends, and then cut up one in three slices. Have some butter in the frying pan; let it get hot; then roll the tomatoes in flour and lay them in the pan; salt, pepper and sprinkle a little sugar on while frying; cook till they are done nice and brown, and you will have a most delicious article for breakfast.

SUBSCRIBE for the *Compiler*.

TO ALL!

DR. SWAYNE,

The Discoverer and Compounder of the Infallible

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY

and other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the important advantage, of a regular medical education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia, and, perhaps, in the world. He subsequently served a skillful junior apprenticeship in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended also in "the hospital. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms, as well as for ascertaining the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruit of his extensive professional experience in the medical compounds as the best results of his skill and observation, he feels that he is but proffering a boon to every family throughout the land, resting, as he does, confidently, in the merits and efficacious virtue of the remedies he hereunder commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven "DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" the most efficacious remedy known, and it is admitted by our most eminent physicians, and all who have witnessed its wonderful healing properties, "the WILD CHERRY" maintains and in all equalities when it is known, has been justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal qualities; and its power to cure even all the worst and most obstrosing diseases among us was only ascertained until the experiments of that skillful physician, Dr. Swayne, had demonstrated its high adaptation, in combination with Pine Tree Tar, and other valuable vegetable ingredients, which, chemically combined, renders its action ten-fold more certain and beneficial in curing all diseases of the throat, lungs and COMPOUND strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, regulating the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous and shattered constitution.

ANOTHER HOPELESS CASE

—OF—

CONSUMPTION

CURED BY

DR. SWAYNE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY.

ADAMSTOWN, Lancaster Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE & SON, Gentlemen:—About two years ago my wife was suffering from consumption, and during her sickness had the best medical attendance in this, and adjoining counties. Her case was pronounced hopeless by all of them. I was induced through the recommendation of your agent, Dr. Isaac H. Miller, of West Brecknock, Berks county, Pa., and what can verify these facts, to try Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. After using it for some time, she was entirely cured, and is now as well as ever, and fully able to perform her usual labor. I am so fully satisfied that it is your preparation that I am indebted for her restoration to health, that I grant you full liberty to give the same publicity, in the hope that others now suffering may derive benefit from her experience.

Yours respectfully,

HENRY O. MOHN.

Price $1—Six Bottles $5.

Prepared only by

DR. SWAYNE & SON,

330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

INVALIDS,

Don't Despair!

Thousands have found relief, and thousands will turn to this Medicine, after exhausting their purses and patience in search of health. Giddiness of the head, dullness of the mind, fœtid breath, coated tongue, loss of appetite, pains and weakness in the stomach, enlargement of the liver, yellowness of the skin, constant fever and chills, with a total disrelish for business, pleasure, or any kind of enjoyment, FAHRNEY'S PANACEA, if taken and preserved in for a few days, will remove this whole class of complaints. The functions of the body become pure, and mind clear, the stomach strengthened, the tongue clean, the appetite improved, and the whole system benefited that disease, in bad weather, is less liable to afflict you.

Dr. P. FAHRNEY'S

Celebrated

Blood Cleanser or Panacea.

As a medicine for children, the Panacea is in every way, calculated to take the place of the endless variety of drugs which are usually sold for that purpose, and which are often very serious. A medicine which possesses the qualities of a cathartic as well as a mild alterative, and which is capable of giving immediate relief in the most painful of the child, is of incalculable value to every mother. As a cathartic, it is very effective, yet it does not require a proportionate dose, cause nausea or distress in the stomach or bowels, it is very pleasant to the taste, which is a very important feature in a medicine for children. As a preventive of disease it is unprecedented, as it acts directly upon the digestive organs and the blood. In all scrofulous diseases, it is the most effective medicine ever offered to the public; taken regularly and persevingly, those eruptive diseases so common to children may be entirely eradicated.

Prepared by P. Fahrney's Bros. & Co., Warrenton, Va., and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, 30 North Dearborn street, Chicago. For sale by wholesale and retail dealers and by A. D. BUEHLER and J. M. HUBER Gettysburg.

Oct. 15, 1875. tf

SAVE TIME AND MONEY!

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenters and Contractors,

ARE prepared to take contracts for putting up new Buildings of all kinds in town or country, at reasonable rates. Having large facilities, and having constantly on hand all kinds of Building Lumber, including Ready-made

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACK. ETS, &c., &c.,

persons intending to build will save time and money by calling at our establishment.

All our work is made out of the best materials and by experienced workmen.

We also manufacture to order all kinds of Wood Work requisite in building at

REASONABLE PRICES.

Orders promptly attended

Feb. 18, 1872. tf

DON'T FORGET

THAT

JOSEPH JACOBS

MAKES IT A RULE TO

SELL CHEAP!

CALL in at his Merchant Tailoring establishment, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, and be convinced.

His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and, satisfied that he can please any taste, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices.

Tailoring continued as heretofore, and goods bought at this Store cut free of charge.

April 13, 1876. tf

ADAMS COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Company

INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel H. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—P. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, H. McCurdy, S. H. Russell, P. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Jonnet Neely, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Strban; A. W. Storm, East Berlin; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, York Springs.

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 21 years, and is having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $17,221. Any persons desirous of insuring can apply to either of the managers.

The Executive Committee meet at the office of the Company, on the last Monday in every month, at o'clock, P. M.

Jan. 20, 1875. tf

PAINTING!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to do

House & Sign Painting,

GLAZING, &c.,

WITH

GRAINING

as a specialty. He has had a long experience at the business, and boasts of the time in York and Lancaster, where first class work alone satisfies. He asks a share of patronage. His prices are moderate, and cannot fail to please.

Residence on "the Hill," in Baltimore street.

DENRY J. FREY.

Gettysburg, April 8, 1874. tf

BUGGIES-CARRIAGES.

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally, that he continues to build

Falling-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,

CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,

of different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. No care or expense is saved in making work tasteful and durable—always up with the times, and satisfactory in price as well as character. Finished work on hand, and orders solicited.

Repairing

attended to promptly and in the best manner.

Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court house. Call and see for yourselves.

JACOB TROXEL.

April 17, 1873. tf

G. MCCREARY. JOHN F. MCCREARY

"Best Always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest

SADDLES,

BRIDLES,

COLLARS, and

HARNESS, of all kinds, in the county are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore street, opposite the Presbyterian Church.

McCREARYS'.

OUR RIDING AND WAGON SADDLES are the most substantial built and neatest. OUR HARNESS (plain and silver mounted) are completely every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR UPPER-LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets, and everything in the line.

None better or cheaper.

OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thanking for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

Repairing done and examine PRICES AND QUALITY. McCREARY & SON.

Jan. 31, 1876. tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, the property lately occupied by him, on Chambersburg street, near West street, Gettysburg: A HALF LOT OF GROUND, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, Back-building, and all necessary out-buildings, a well of good water at the door, and a variety of Fruit Trees.

He also offers at Private Sale his FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

DAVID STERNER.

Sept 22, 1871. tf

Western Lands.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

J. BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 5, 1869.

A GOOD FAMILY MEDICINE.

If you are Bilious, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS. If you have Sick Headache, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS. If your tongue is Coated, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS. If you have a Cold, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS. To prevent and cure Chills and Fever, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS. If your Bowels are Costive, take SWAYNES Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.

Persons of a full habit, who are subject to Headache, Giddiness, Drowsiness, and ringing in the Ear, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be carried off by their use.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

That dreaded disease, from which so many persons suffer, and is frequently the cause of HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, AND DYSPEPSIA,

is speedily relieved and often permanently cured by their use. Fevers are prevented by the use of Blood Purifying Pills, as they carry off, through the blood, the impurities from which they arise. For Dropsyness there is nothing half so effective as Swayne's Tar and Sarsaparilla. Price 25 cents a box; 5 boxes for $1, sent by mail. Address letters and orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by druggists.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

ITCHING PILES!

is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, discouragingly itching as though pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum, particularly at night, when unbearable, or for a few after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as winter, and is not confined to males only, but it is quite as frequent that females are sorely afflicted, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, proving distressing, almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

DR. SWAYNE & SON, Gentlemen:—The box of Ointment you sent me by mail, cured me entirely of Itching Piles, which I suffered with for five years. Enclosed find fifty cents for another box for a friend of mine.

ANDREW J. BEACH.

Farmwell Station, Loudon county, Va.

DR. SWAYNE & SON:—Enclosed please find one dollar for two boxes of your Ointment for Itching Piles. These are for some of my friends, who are afflicted with this distressing complaint. The box you sent me a year ago, (and about one half of it) I am glad, I can proud to say, it made a perfect cure. I think its efficacy should be published throughout the length and breadth of the land. You can publish this if you think proper.

DAVID GROSSNICKLE.

Ladiesburg, Frederick co., Md.

READER: If you are suffering with this annoying complaint, or Tetter, any cruaty, scaly, itchy, skin disease go to your druggist and get a box of Swayne's All-healing Ointment. It will surely cure you. Price 50 cents a box. 3 boxes $1.25, 6 boxes $2.50. Sent by mail to any address, on receipt of the price. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. Sixth St., Phila.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

Life, "London Hair Color Restorer."
Growth, "London Hair Color Restorer."
Beauty, "London Hair Color Restorer."
for the "London Hair Color Restorer."
Hair. "London Hair Color Restorer."

KEEP THE HEAD AND HAIR HEALTHY.

London Hair RESTORER

1—It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2—It will thicken thin hair; cause a new growth.
3—It will restore the natural secretions.
4—It will remove all dandruff and lichtigo.
5—It will make the hair soft, glossy, and flexible.
6—It will preserve the original color to old age.

It will prevent the hair from falling off.

It restores both the luxuriance and color of the hair, and is as harmless as water. Premature blanching or fading of the hair is scarcely to be tolerated, and that everybody wants to be beautiful is proof enough that it is wise and right to try to be so, by every proper means; but there is nothing more important than beautiful hair. How to prevent the falling of the natural coloring matter in it, or re-excite the roots of the hair to grow again, nothing has been introduced to the American people that equals the

LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER

Dr. Dalton, of Philadelphia, says of it: The London Hair Color Restorer is used very extensively among my patients and friends, as well as by myself. I therefore speak from experience.

75 CENTS PER BOTTLE; SIX BOTTLES FOR $1.

Sent by express, to any address, on receipt of price.

Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa., sole proprietors.

Sold By All Druggists.

BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

Nov 5 1875. Ap. 27, y

First National

BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG.

PRESIDENT

GEO. THRONE.

CASHIER,

ROBERT BELL.

DIRECTORS,

JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs,
GEORGE THRONE, Franklin,
ROBERT BELL, Straban,
PETER DISHI, New Oxford,
ALEX. SPANGLER, Gettysburg,
DANIEL CULP, Gettysburg,
SAMUEL KOSER, Gettysburg.

Pays Special Deposits

ON CALL,

Without Notice,

and continues to pay its usual

Rates of Interest,

ACCORDING TO TIME

AS FOLLOWS:

6 to 12 *months*, 3 *per cent.*

12 *months*, 4 *per cent.*

and pays interest for any length of time it may be left in.

Always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers, and especially its

DEPOSITORS.

Has Correspondents in all the large Cities and all the advantages that any Bank can have in making

COLLECTIONS,

both at home and abroad. Also,

In Buying and Selling

ALL MARKETABLE

SECURITIES

AT BEST MARKET PRICES.

Buys Gold and Silver,

Coupons, &c., &c.,

and does all business pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

The business of this Bank has gradually been on the increase ever since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and economical management of its affairs to continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people

ROBERT BELL,

CASHIER.

Gettysburg, Sept. 11, 1874. tf

REPORT

OF the condition of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, at the close of business, June 30th, 1876:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$195,347 51
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	26,895 17
Due from approved reserve agents	19,932 12
Due from other National Banks	590 25
Due from State Banks and Bankers	5,183 96
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	10,810 00
Current expenses and Taxes paid	336 93
Checks and other cash items	221 34
Bills of other National Banks	1,349 00
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	357 91
Legal Tender Notes	13,000 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,500 00
Total	$379,518 21

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$150,000 00
Surplus Fund	16,000 00
Other undivided profits	17,877 26
National Bank notes outstanding	88,946 00
Dividends unpaid	74 00
Individual deposits subject to check	49,964 29
Time certificates of deposit	116,783 86
Due to other National Banks	16 56
Due to State Banks and Bankers	50 13
Total	$379,518 21

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,

COUNTY OF ADAMS, ss:

I, ROBERT BELL, Cashier of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ROBERT BELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of July, 1876.

C. H. YOUNG, J. P.

CORRECT—Attest:

GEORGE THRONE,
DANIEL CULP,
ALEX. SPANGLER, } Directors.

CITY HOTEL,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.

F. B. CARLIN, Proprietor.

THIS popular and well-known Hotel, having been enlarged and thoroughly renovated, offers many advantages to the travelling public. The exterior of the Hotel, which is now four stories, presents a beautiful appearance, and all compare favorably with any structure of the kind in the State. The entire arrangements of the Hotel are in keeping with its outward appearance; it is supplied with every modern improvement and convenience, and has been newly furnished throughout at a very heavy cost. No pains or expense will be omitted to promote the comfort of guests.

The enviable reputation the Hotel has acquired since the undersigned has taken charge of it, furnishes the most satisfactory evidence of his ability to please all who may favor him with their patronage. There is attached to the Hotel a spacious Billiard Room, newly fitted up, a Barber Shop, Bath Houses, &c.

Attentive waiters and polite servants will always be in attendance to wait upon guests during the day or at any hour of the night.

Trusting that a share of the patronage of the main building an addition of twenty-nine rooms, so that the capacity of the Hotel will be equal to any in the state outside of Baltimore.

Respectfully,

FRANK B. CARLIN.

Oct. 28, 1875. tf

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. J. Rosensteel, Proprietor.

THIS pleasantly located Hotel, at the junction of Baltimore street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, offers excellent accommodations, at moderate rates. The rooms are roomy and airy, and in good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the markets, and the fine choice liquors. In addition, Frank is always on hand to give attention to his guests, deeming it a pleasure to minister to their comfort, and deserve their good will and favor. Give him a call, and you will be pleased with the "Battle-field" and its attentive proprietor.

Gettysburg, June 11, 1875. tf

GLOBE INN,

York Street, near Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.

THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The travelling public will always find the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Checks and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.

A new Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.

April 3, 1876. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,

Gettysburg, Pa.

GEO. HOPPES, Prop'r.

THIS well known House, the largest and best accommodations in Gettysburg, corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, has been

THOROUGHLY REPAIRED,

re-papered, re-painted, supplied throughout with

New Furniture

and furnished with everything requisite for a first-class hotel.

SUMMER BOARDERS accommodated on reasonable terms. Omnibus runs to depot on arrival and departure of trains, free of charge.

Ostlers in charge to regular customers of the hotel from town and country.

Abundant Stabling—attentive Hostlers—first-class Bar—and Livery adjoining the hotel.

July 29, 1875. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA

By J. & M. W. Klunk.

THE undersigned have leased the Keystone Hotel, on Chambersburg street, half a square from the Diamond, in Gettysburg, Pa., and intend to keep it in the best style, for the accommodation of the local and travelling public. They promise entire satisfaction to all who may patronize them. The table will always have the best of the market, and the bar the best of liquors; the chambers will be found large, clean and inviting.

Large stabling in rear of and attentive ostler attached to the Hotel.

Give the "Keystone" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodation good.

J. & M. W. KLUNK.

Jan. 14, 1874. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,

NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

C. B. Hanes, Proprietor.

THE undersigned, having leased this elegantly located Hotel, on Baltimore street, only a few doors from the Court-house, is in a pleasant town of Gettysburg, asks his old friends and the public to give him a call. The rooms are all large and airy, and furnished in the best and latest style, and to be surpassed anywhere. His table shall always have the best of the season, and the bar none but choicest liquors. Ample stabling attached, with an attentive hostler.

Charges moderate. The undersigned flatters himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central Hotel will be more than pleased with the treatment, fare and bills.

April 6, 1875. tf C. B. HANES.

EAGLE HOTEL,

NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. He shambers are spacious and cannot fail to give satisfaction. There is a commodious stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.

J. H. WIEST.

March 13, 1869. tf

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries and Liquors.

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, NOTIONS, &c. &c.

At Reduced Prices.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown Stout, London Pale Ale,

OLD "GLENOGRAM BITTERS,"

manufactured from strictly pure Herbs, and are unequalled as a palatable and valuable remedy in all cases of indigestion dyspepsia, &c.

HOTEL KEEPERS

will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have contract a WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity, and to compete with city prices.

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 29, 1874. tf

Ziegler & Holtzworth.

LIVERY, SALES & EXCHANGE

STABLES,

Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, in the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all style and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battlefield, will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for guides.

Give us a call!

W. T. ZIEGLER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH.

March 8, 1872. tf

SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,

Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa.,

MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF

WAGONS,

Buggies, Carriages, Sleighs, &c. All kinds of repairing done, including farm implements, at the lowest prices.

April 16, 1875. tf

New Grocery

STORE

IN the room formerly occupied by Henry Mickey, in CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA., with a prime assortment of goods, such as SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, Syrups, Molasses, and Spices of all kinds; FISH, SALT, Soaps, Brooms, Woodenware, Crockery and Stone-ware, Dishes, Cups and Saucers, HAMS, Shoulders, Sides and Lard; FRESH BUTTER, Potatoes, FLOUR AND FEED; Canned Fruit, such as peaches, tomatoes, cherries, blackberries and raspberries; DRIED FRUIT, peaches, apples and blackberries; Dried Corn, Rice and Beans; NAILS and GLASS, and everything generally kept in a first-class Store—all of which he will sell at the lowest living profit. Give him a call and judge for yourselves.

DAVID STERNER.

Produce taken in exchange for Groceries.

I also wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still carrying on the

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

and manufacture various kinds of MACHINES, Thresheres, Fowers, Cornfodder Cutters, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Ploughs of different kinds and sizes, All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Also now TENPLATE STOVES and second-hand Ten-plate and Cook Stoves, Iron Kettles and Pots. All REPAIRING done on all kinds of machinery.

DAVID STERNER.

Gettysburg Foundry, Adams co., Pa.

April 13, 1876. tf

CAUTION!

THE REPUTATION OF THE

DIAMOND SPECTACLES,

SOLD BY

A. R. FEISTEL,

The only Authorized Agent for this County.

IS becoming so great and widespread, that Spectacle Peddlers find it impossible to sell a common article, and are now selling the inferior or imitation Diamond Spectacles, as the genuine Spencer Optical Manufacturing Company does neither supply nor employ peddlers. For sale only by

A. R. FEISTEL,
York street, Gettysburg.

Jun 26, 1874. tf

SPRING AND SUMMER

1876.

NEW

AND

CHEAP

GOODS

AT

FAHNESTOCKS'.

April 27, 1876. tf

J. KRALL & SON'S

MACHINERY DEPOT,

York Springs,

ADAMS COUNTY PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

HOFFHEINS SOLID BOX

REAPER AND MOWER

WITH SELF-RAKE. ALSO

Shireman's Improved Keystone Separating Attachments,

and other Combined Threshers, SHIREMAN'S HAND AND SELF-DUMPING HORSERAKE, CORN PLANTERS, CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c. Also all kinds of REPAIRING DONE at shortest notice.

J. KRALL & SON.

June 4, 1875. tf

Grain, Produce, &c.,

AT

NEW OXFORD.

THE partnership of Myers & Holtz, at New Oxford, Adams county, having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the business at the old stand. He will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TIMOTHY HAY, &c.;

and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits,

GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED,

Soaps Tar, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Thankful for the liberal patronage for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. MYERS.

April 2, 1875. tf

1776. 1876.

CENTENNIAL GREETING.

J. L. SCHICK,

DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS & NOTIONS,

Best Quality of Silver-Plated Ware.

AGENT FOR MME DEMOREST'S RELIABLE

PATTERNS.

MY stock is always full and complete in every department, and will be sold at the

Very Lowest Prices.

I take this opportunity of returning thanks to my many friends for the patronage they have bestowed on me during my business career, (covering a period of 30 years) and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Gettysburg, April 29, 1876. tf

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

New Music Store.

NOW is the time to buy. Having the sole Wholesale Agency for

THE BEST ORGANS

manufactured in the United States, we can sell a better Organ for less money than any other agent. None but first-class Instruments sold. Every one perfect in excellency of tone and press.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of all kinds sold at reasonable rates. SHEET MUSIC and all the latest musical publications either on hand or ordered on short notice. Send for circulars and prices.

SEWING MACHINE FININGS, for every machine in use.

PERIODICALS AND MAGAZINES. All orders promptly attended to.

G. H. BARKER & CO.,

GETTYSBURG, PA

January 13, 1876. tf

FRED. THORN,

Barber and Hair Dresser,

NORTHEAST Corner of the Diamond, next to Mechanic House, GETTYSBURG, PA.

Now, when you want an easy shave, Accord in Barber over gave, Just call at my Saloon, At morning, noon or busy noon. Washing and dress the hair with grace, To suit the contour of the face; And all that art and skill can do If you will call, well do for you.

May 25, 1875. tf

REMOVAL!

S. R. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

HAS removed his shop from the corner of Centre square to new and commodious quarters in McConaughy's Hall, first floor, where he will be pleased to see all customers, old and new, who may wish anything in his line. He also keeps for sale Soaps, Perfumery, Hair Oil, &c. He will also keep a full stock of the best Brooms to supply the wholesales and retail trade.

April 13, 1876. tf

MARK THESE FACTS!

The Testimony of the Whole World.

Holloway's Ointment.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.

ALL descriptions of sores are speedily healed by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad leg by plaistering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a scaly diseased condition is sure to ensue, and must be broken out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as soft as pound into ment. This will cause the malignant humors to be drawn off from the hard, swollen and discolored parts around the wound, sore or ulcer, and when these humors are removed, and the parts made flexible, even with soap and warm bread and milk poultices applied over the affected parts, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, will soothe and soften the inflamed and greatly lacerated skin. There is a description of ulcer, sore, and swelling, which neither must nor can be named here, attended upon the follies of youth, and by which this Ointment is urgently recommended as a sovereign remedy. By curing such poisonous sores it never fails to purify the system in a healthy state in the Pills be taken according to the printed instructions.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment six times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the ointment for the above named or for the diseases named, or any similar disorder, affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved by a charm. All sufferers from these complaints should envelope the throat at bedtime in a large bread and water poultice, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in; it will greatly assist the cure of the throat and chest. To allay the fever and subdue the inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The ointment will produce perspiration, the glandular system and in all cases of fevers, sore throats, or any other fever which be an oppression of the chest, either from asthma or other causes.

Piles, Fistulas Stiffnecks.

The above class of complaints will be removed by rubbing ointment into parts with warm water and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these dreadful complaints should lose not a moment in attending their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to rub the ointment on the affected parts, but must be well rubbed in for a considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, which it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. Thus again proved, after poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only safe treatment for that fearful disease of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general hearing down.

Inflammations of Youth.—Sore and Ulcers.

Blotches, as also swellings, cut, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in the proper way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to insure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis, and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases of such diseases will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all scrofulous limitations the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand-Flies, Coco-bay, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Corns (Soft), Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Tumors, Ulc